

300-mA, Low- I_Q , Low-Dropout Regulator

Check for Samples: [TLV702xx-Q1](#)

FEATURES

- Qualified for Automotive Applications
- AEC-Q100 Qualified with the Following Results:
 - Device Temperature Grade 1: -40°C to 125°C Ambient Operating Temperature Range
 - Device HBM ESD Classification Level H2
 - Device CDM ESD Classification Level C4B
- Very Low Dropout:
 - 37 mV at $I_{\text{OUT}} = 50 \text{ mA}$, $V_{\text{OUT}} = 2.8 \text{ V}$
 - 75 mV at $I_{\text{OUT}} = 100 \text{ mA}$, $V_{\text{OUT}} = 2.8 \text{ V}$
 - 220 mV at $I_{\text{OUT}} = 300 \text{ mA}$, $V_{\text{OUT}} = 2.8 \text{ V}$
- 2% Accuracy
- Low I_Q : 35 μA
- Fixed-Output Voltage Combinations Possible from 1.2 V to 4.8 V
- High PSRR: 68 dB at 1 kHz
- Stable with Effective Capacitance of 0.1 μF ⁽¹⁾
- Thermal Shutdown and Overcurrent Protection
- TSOT23-5 Package

(1) See the [Input and Output Capacitor Requirements](#) in the Application Information section.

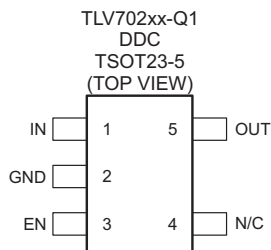


Figure 1.

APPLICATIONS

- Automotive
- MP3 Players
- ZigBee® Networks
- Bluetooth® Devices

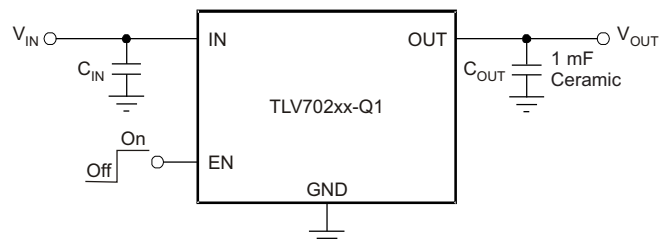
DESCRIPTION

The TLV702xx-Q1 series of low-dropout (LDO) linear regulators are low quiescent current devices with excellent line and load transient performance. These LDOs are designed for power-sensitive applications. A precision bandgap and error amplifier provides overall 2% accuracy. Low output noise, very high power-supply rejection ratio (PSRR), and low-dropout voltage make this series of devices ideal for a wide selection of battery-operated handheld equipment. All device versions have thermal shutdown and current limit for safety.

Furthermore, these devices are stable with an effective output capacitance of only 0.1 μF . This feature enables the use of cost-effective capacitors that have higher bias voltages and temperature derating. The devices regulate to specified accuracy with no output load.

The TLV702xxP-Q1 series also provides an active pulldown circuit to quickly discharge the outputs.

The TLV702xx-Q1 series of LDO linear regulators is available in the SOT23-5 package and voltage options. For other package and voltage options please contact TI Sales.



**Figure 2. Typical Application Circuit
(Fixed-Voltage Versions)**



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This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

		VALUE		UNIT
		MIN	MAX	
Voltage ⁽²⁾	IN	–0.3	6	V
	EN	–0.3	6	V
	OUT	–0.3	6	V
Current (source)	OUT	Internally Limited		
Output short-circuit duration		Indefinite		
Temperature	Ambient, T _A	–40	125	°C
	Operating virtual junction, T _J	–55	150	°C
	Storage, T _{stg}	–55	150	°C
Electrostatic Discharge Rating ⁽³⁾	Human Body Model (HBM) AEC-Q100 classification level H2		2	kV
	Charge Device Model (CDM) AEC-Q100 classification level C4B		750	V

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under *absolute maximum ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *recommended operating conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) All voltages are with respect to network ground terminal.

(3) ESD testing is performed according to the respective JEDEC standard.

THERMAL INFORMATION

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		TLV702xx-Q1	UNIT
		DDC	
		5 PINS	
θ_{JA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	262.8	°C/W
θ_{JCTop}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	68.2	
θ_{JB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	81.6	
ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	1.1	
ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	80.9	
θ_{JCbott}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	n/a	

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report, [SPRA953](#).

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

At $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(TYP)} + 0.5\text{ V}$ or 2 V (whichever is greater); $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$, $V_{EN} = 0.9\text{ V}$, $C_{OUT} = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, and $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V_{IN}	Input voltage range		2		5.5	V
V_{OUT}	DC output accuracy	$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$	-2	0.5	2	%
$\Delta V_O / \Delta V_{IN}$	Line regulation	$V_{OUT(NOM)} + 0.5\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$		1	5	mV
$\Delta V_O / \Delta I_{OUT}$	Load regulation	$0\text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 300\text{ mA}$		1	15	mV
V_{DO}	Dropout voltage ⁽¹⁾	$V_{IN} = 0.98 \times V_{OUT(NOM)}$, $I_{OUT} = 300\text{ mA}$		260	375	mV
I_{CL}	Output current limit	$V_{OUT} = 0.9 \times V_{OUT(NOM)}$	320	500	860	mA
I_{GND}	Ground pin current	$I_{OUT} = 0\text{ mA}$		35	55	μA
		$I_{OUT} = 300\text{ mA}$, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.5\text{ V}$		370		μA
I_{SHDN}	Ground pin current (shutdown)	$V_{EN} \leq 0.4\text{ V}$, $V_{IN} = 2\text{ V}$		400		nA
		$V_{EN} \leq 0.4\text{ V}$, $2\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 4.5\text{ V}$		1	2.5	μA
PSRR	Power-supply rejection ratio	$V_{IN} = 2.3\text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 1.8\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$, $f = 1\text{ kHz}$		68		dB
V_N	Output noise voltage	$BW = 100\text{ Hz to }100\text{ kHz}$, $V_{IN} = 2.3\text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 1.8\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$		48		μV_{RMS}
t_{STR}	Startup time ⁽²⁾	$C_{OUT} = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, $I_{OUT} = 300\text{ mA}$		100		μs
$V_{EN(HI)}$	Enable pin high (enabled)		0.9		V_{IN}	V
$V_{EN(LO)}$	Enable pin low (disabled)		0		0.4	V
I_{EN}	Enable pin current	$V_{IN} = V_{EN} = 5.5\text{ V}$		0.04		μA
UVLO	Undervoltage lockout	V_{IN} rising		1.9		V
$R_{DISCHARGE}$	Active pulldown resistance (TLV702xxP-Q1 only)	$V_{EN} = 0\text{ V}$		120		Ω
T_{SD}	Thermal shutdown temperature	Shutdown, temperature increasing		165		$^\circ\text{C}$
		Reset, temperature decreasing		145		$^\circ\text{C}$
T_A	Ambient temperature		-40		125	$^\circ\text{C}$

(1) V_{DO} is measured for devices with $V_{OUT(NOM)} \geq 2.35\text{ V}$.

(2) Startup time = time from EN assertion to $0.98 \times V_{OUT(NOM)}$.

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAMS

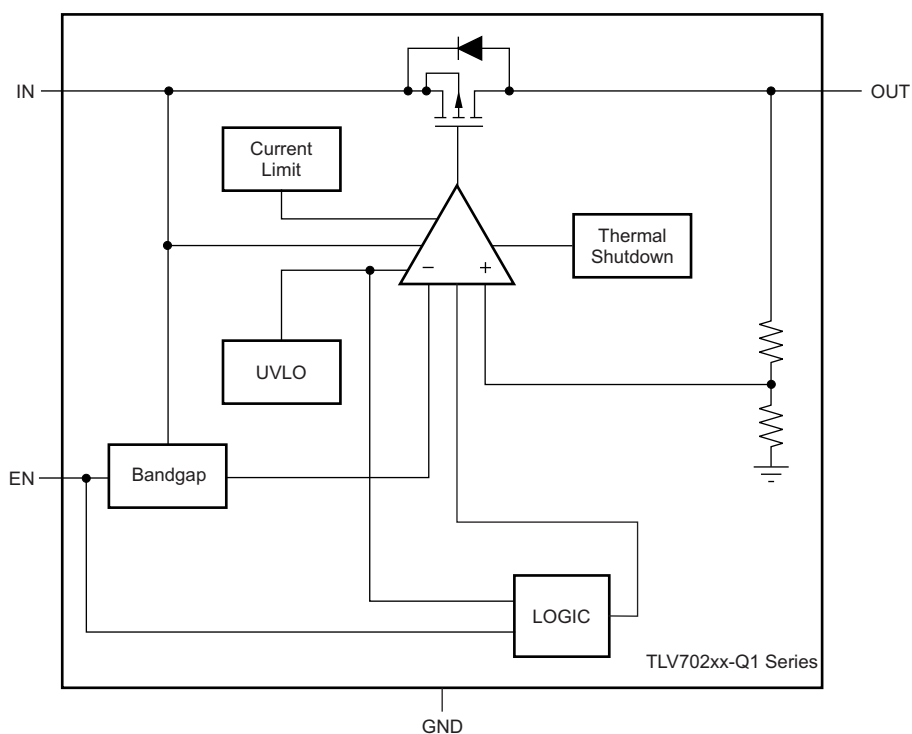


Figure 3. TLV702xx-Q1

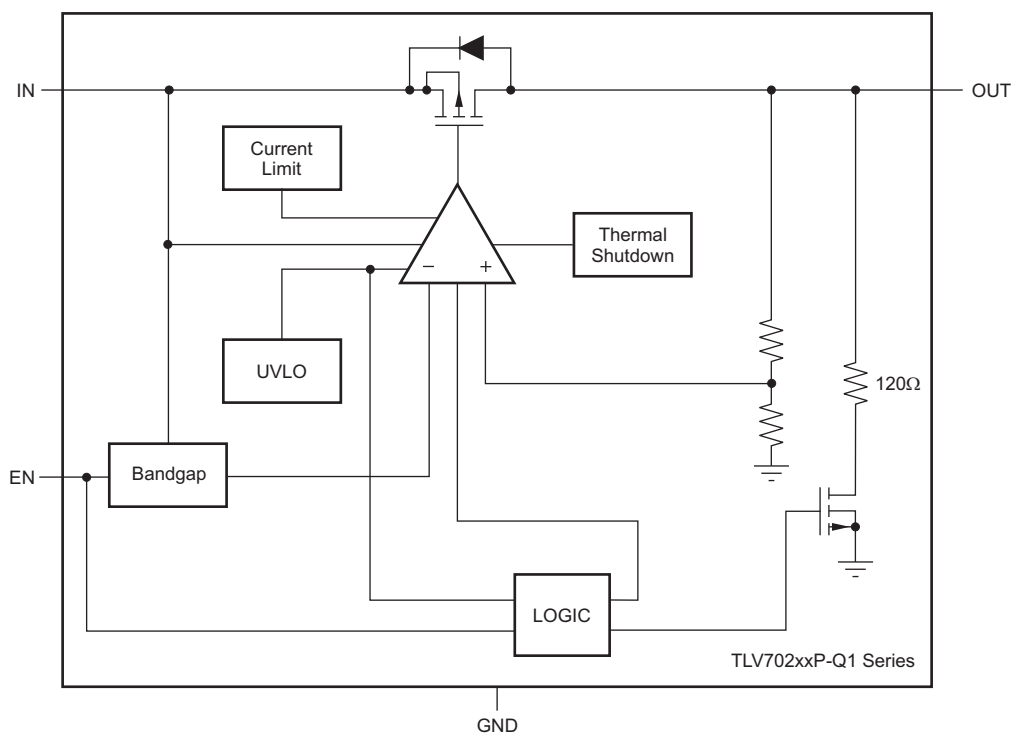
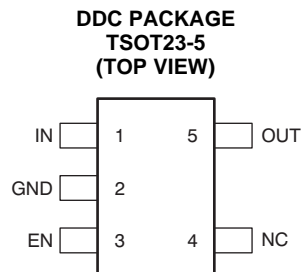


Figure 4. TLV702xxP-Q1

PIN CONFIGURATIONS



PIN DESCRIPTIONS

PIN NAME	TSOT23-5 DDC	DESCRIPTION
IN	1	Input pin. A small 1- μ F ceramic capacitor is recommended from this pin to ground to assure stability and good transient performance. See Input and Output Capacitor Requirements in the <i>Application Information</i> section for more details.
GND	2	Ground pin
EN	3	Enable pin. Driving EN over 0.9 V turns on the regulator. Driving EN below 0.4 V puts the regulator into shutdown mode and reduces operating current to 1 μ A, nominal. For TLV702xxP-Q1, output voltage is discharged through an internal 120- Ω resistor when device is shut down.
NC	4	No connection. This pin can be tied to ground to improve thermal dissipation.
OUT	5	Regulated output voltage pin. A small 1- μ F ceramic capacitor is needed from this pin to ground to assure stability. See Input and Output Capacitor Requirements in the <i>Application Information</i> section for more details.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Over operating temperature range ($T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 125°C), $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(TYP)} + 0.5\text{ V}$ or 2 V , whichever is greater; $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$, $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$, $C_{OUT} = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

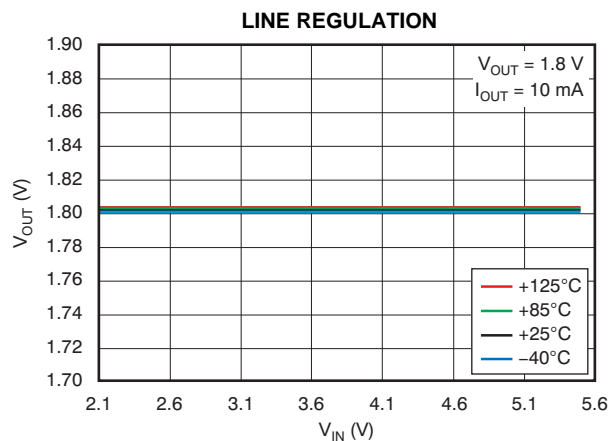


Figure 5.

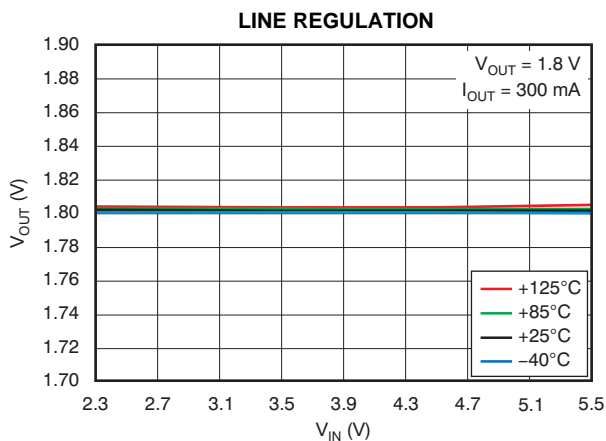


Figure 6.

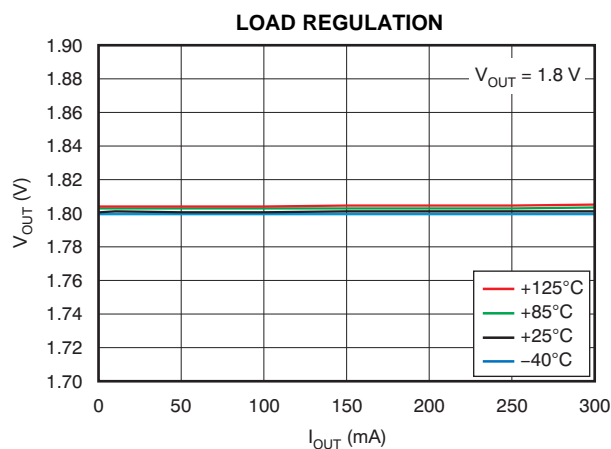


Figure 7.

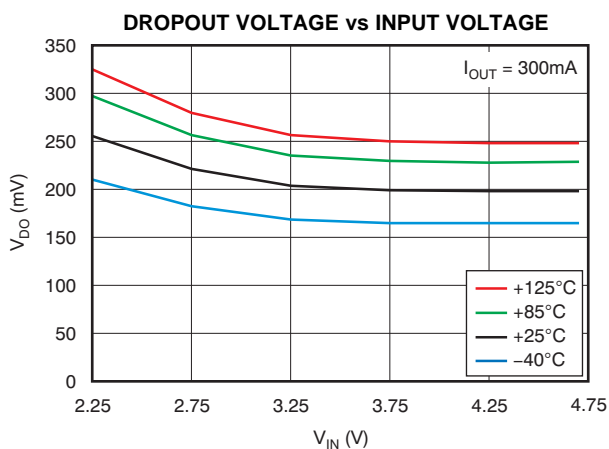


Figure 8.

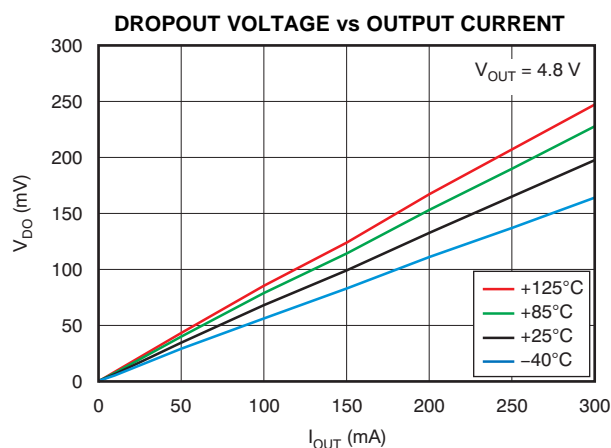


Figure 9.

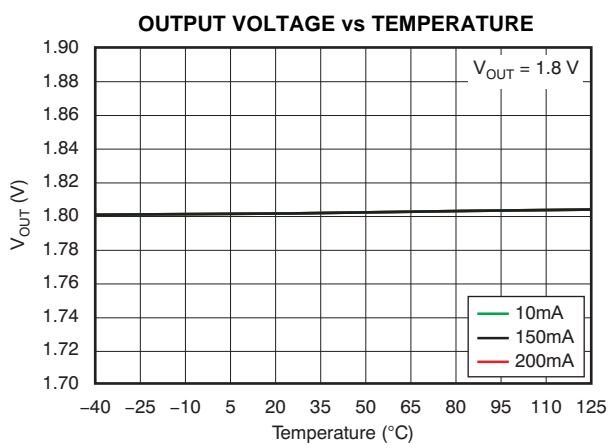


Figure 10.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Over operating temperature range ($T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 125°C), $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(TYP)} + 0.5\text{ V}$ or 2 V , whichever is greater; $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$, $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$, $C_{OUT} = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

GROUND PIN CURRENT vs INPUT VOLTAGE

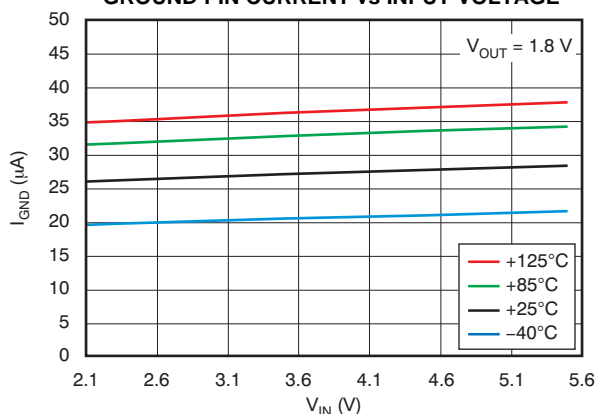


Figure 11.

GROUND PIN CURRENT vs LOAD

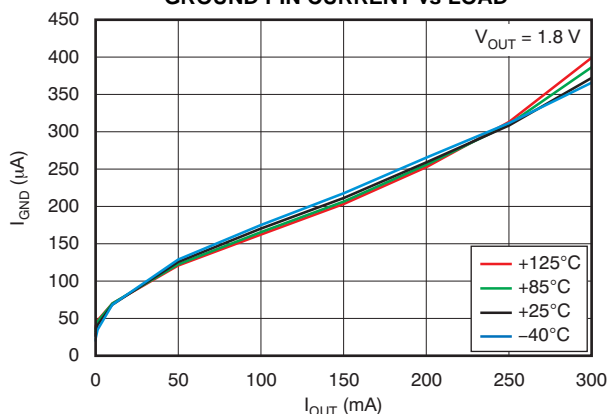


Figure 12.

GROUND PIN CURRENT vs TEMPERATURE

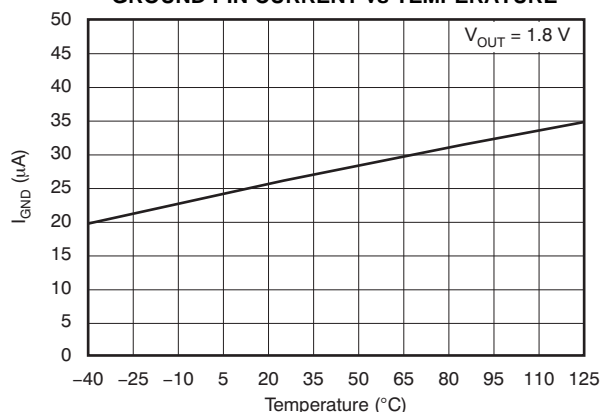


Figure 13.

SHUTDOWN CURRENT vs INPUT VOLTAGE

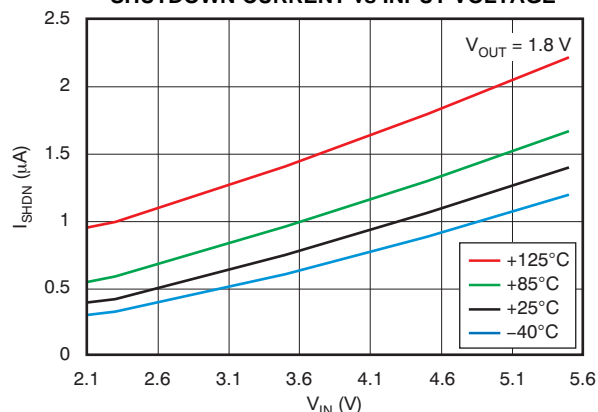


Figure 14.

CURRENT LIMIT vs INPUT VOLTAGE

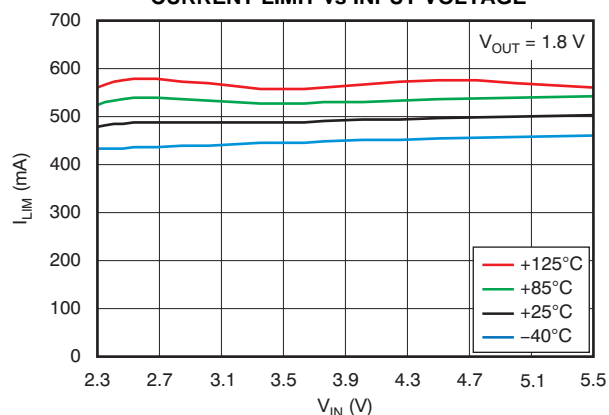


Figure 15.

POWER-SUPPLY RIPPLE REJECTION vs FREQUENCY

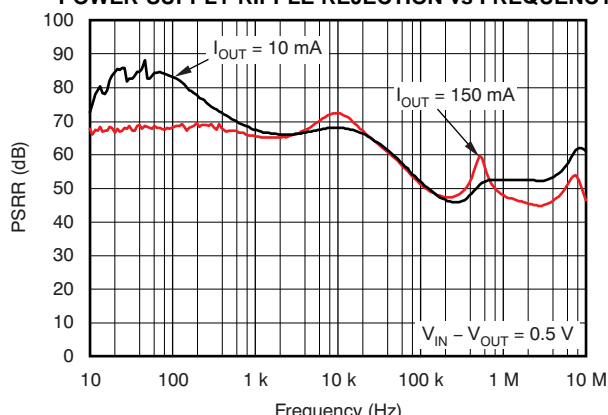


Figure 16.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Over operating temperature range ($T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 125°C), $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(TYP)} + 0.5\text{ V}$ or 2 V , whichever is greater; $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$, $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$, $C_{OUT} = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

POWER-SUPPLY RIPPLE REJECTION vs INPUT VOLTAGE

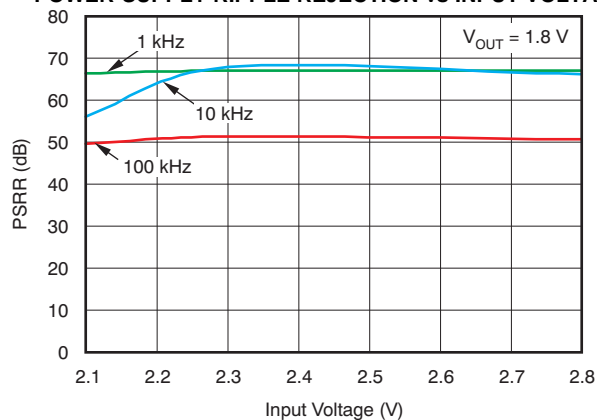


Figure 17.

OUTPUT SPECTRAL NOISE DENSITY vs FREQUENCY

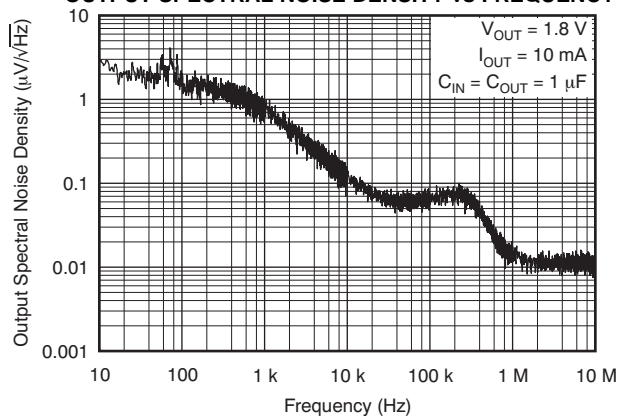


Figure 18.

LOAD TRANSIENT RESPONSE

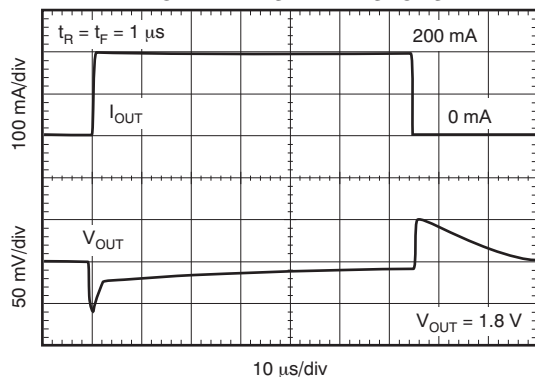


Figure 19.

LOAD TRANSIENT RESPONSE

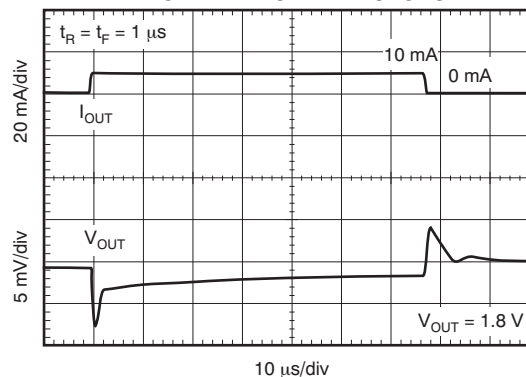


Figure 20.

LOAD TRANSIENT RESPONSE

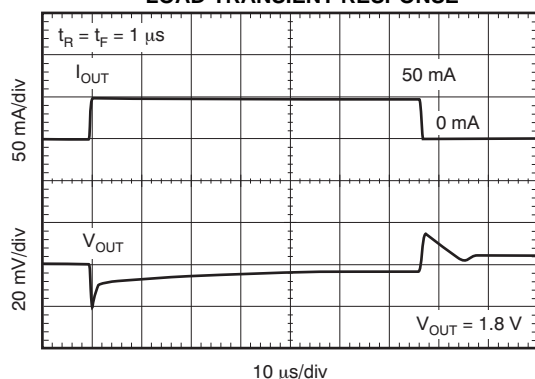


Figure 21.

LOAD TRANSIENT RESPONSE

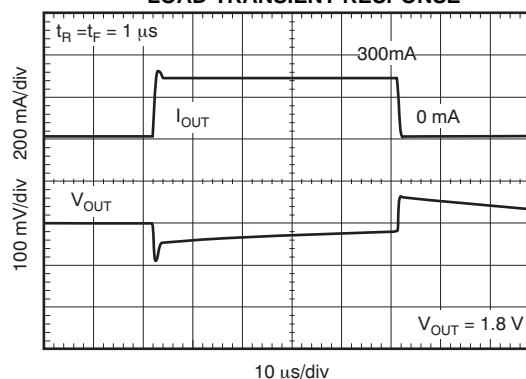


Figure 22.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Over operating temperature range ($T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 125°C), $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(TYP)} + 0.5\text{ V}$ or 2 V , whichever is greater; $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$, $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$, $C_{OUT} = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

LINE TRANSIENT RESPONSE

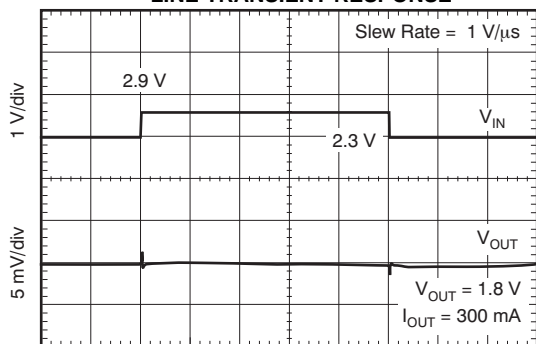


Figure 23.

LINE TRANSIENT RESPONSE

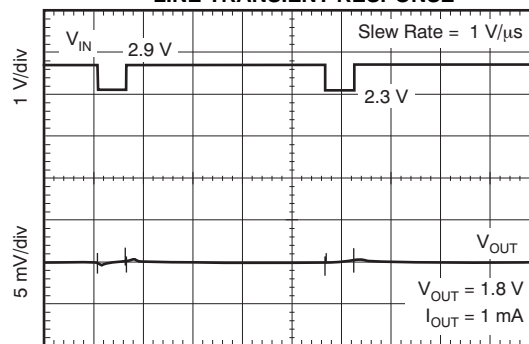


Figure 24.

LINE TRANSIENT RESPONSE

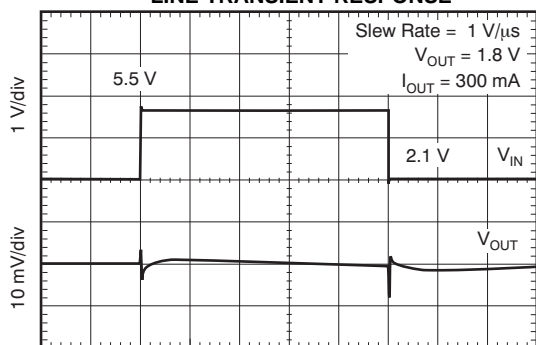


Figure 25.

V_{IN} RAMP UP, RAMP DOWN RESPONSE

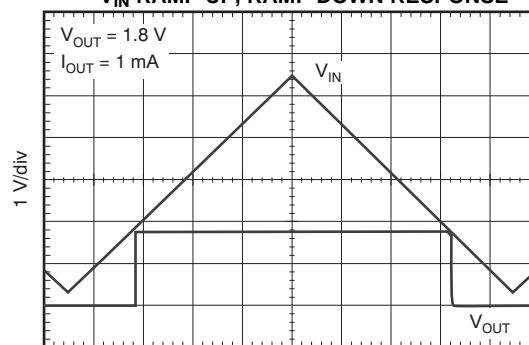


Figure 26.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

The TLV702xx-Q1 belongs to a new family of next-generation value LDO regulators. These devices consume low quiescent current and deliver excellent line and load transient performance. These characteristics, combined with low noise and very good PSRR with little ($V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$) headroom, make this family of devices ideal for portable RF applications. This family of regulators offers current limit and thermal protection, and is specified from -40°C to 125°C .

INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITOR REQUIREMENTS

1- μF X5R- and X7R-type ceramic capacitors are recommended because these capacitors have minimal variation in value and equivalent series resistance (ESR) over temperature.

However, the TLV702xx-Q1 is designed to be stable with an *effective capacitance* of 0.1 μF or larger at the output. Thus, the device is stable with capacitors of other dielectric types as well, as long as the effective capacitance under operating bias voltage and temperature is greater than 0.1 μF . This effective capacitance refers to the capacitance that the LDO sees under operating bias voltage and temperature conditions; that is, the capacitance after taking both bias voltage and temperature derating into consideration. In addition to allowing the use of lower-cost dielectrics, this capability of being stable with 0.1- μF effective capacitance also enables the use of smaller footprint capacitors that have higher derating in size- and space-constrained applications.

NOTE

Using a 0.1- μF rated capacitor at the output of the LDO does not ensure stability because the effective capacitance under the specified operating conditions would be less than 0.1 μF . Maximum ESR should be less than 200 m Ω .

Although an input capacitor is not required for stability, it is good analog design practice to connect a 0.1- μF to 1- μF , low ESR capacitor across the IN pin and GND pin of the regulator. This capacitor counteracts reactive input sources and improves transient response, noise rejection, and ripple rejection. A higher-value capacitor may be necessary if large, fast rise-time load transients are anticipated, or if the device is not located close to the power source. If source impedance is more than 2 Ω , a 0.1- μF input capacitor may be necessary to ensure stability.

BOARD LAYOUT RECOMMENDATIONS TO IMPROVE PSRR AND NOISE PERFORMANCE

Input and output capacitors should be placed as close to the device pins as possible. To improve ac performance such as PSRR, output noise, and transient response, it is recommended that the board be designed with separate ground planes for V_{IN} and V_{OUT} , with the ground plane connected only at the GND pin of the device. In addition, the ground connection for the output capacitor should be connected directly to the GND pin of the device. High ESR capacitors may degrade PSRR performance.

INTERNAL CURRENT LIMIT

The TLV702xx-Q1 internal current limit helps to protect the regulator during fault conditions. During current limit, the output sources a fixed amount of current that is largely independent of the output voltage. In such a case, the output voltage is not regulated, and is $V_{OUT} = I_{LIMIT} \times R_{LOAD}$. The PMOS pass transistor dissipates $(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times I_{LIMIT}$ until thermal shutdown is triggered and the device turns off. As the device cools, it is turned on by the internal thermal shutdown circuit. If the fault condition continues, the device cycles between current limit and thermal shutdown. See the [Thermal Information](#) section for more details.

The PMOS pass element in the TLV702xx-Q1 has a built-in body diode that conducts current when the voltage at OUT exceeds the voltage at IN. This current is not limited, so if extended reverse voltage operation is anticipated, external limiting to 5% of the rated output current is recommended.

SHUTDOWN

The enable pin (EN) is active high. The device is enabled when voltage at EN pin goes above 0.9 V. This relatively lower value of voltage required to turn the LDO on can be exploited to power the LDO with a GPIO of recent processors whose GPIO Logic 1 voltage level is lower than traditional microcontrollers. The device is turned off when the EN pin is held at less than 0.4 V. When shutdown capability is not required, EN can be connected to the IN pin.

The TLV702xxP-Q1 version has internal active pull-down circuitry that discharges the output with a time constant of:

$$\tau = \frac{(120 \cdot R_L)}{(120 + R_L)} \cdot C_{OUT}$$

where:

- R_L = Load resistance
 - C_{OUT} = Output capacitor
- (1)

DROPOUT VOLTAGE

The TLV702xx-Q1 uses a PMOS pass transistor to achieve low dropout. When $(V_{IN} - V_{OUT})$ is less than the dropout voltage (V_{DO}), the PMOS pass device is in the linear region of operation and the input-to-output resistance is the $R_{DS(ON)}$ of the PMOS pass element. V_{DO} scales approximately with output current because the PMOS device behaves as a resistor in dropout.

As with any linear regulator, PSRR and transient response are degraded as $(V_{IN} - V_{OUT})$ approaches dropout. This effect is shown in [Figure 17](#) in the [Typical Characteristics](#) section.

TRANSIENT RESPONSE

As with any regulator, increasing the size of the output capacitor reduces over-/undershoot magnitude but increases the duration of the transient response.

UNDERVOLTAGE LOCKOUT (UVLO)

The TLV702xx-Q1 uses an undervoltage lockout circuit to keep the output shut off until internal circuitry is operating properly.

THERMAL INFORMATION

Thermal protection disables the output when the junction temperature rises to approximately 165°C, allowing the device to cool. When the junction temperature cools to approximately 145°C, the output circuitry is again enabled. Depending on power dissipation, thermal resistance, and ambient temperature, the thermal protection circuit may cycle on and off. This cycling limits the dissipation of the regulator, protecting it from damage as a result of overheating.

Any tendency to activate the thermal protection circuit indicates excessive power dissipation or an inadequate heatsink. For reliable operation, junction temperature should be limited to 125°C maximum.

To estimate the margin of safety in a complete design (including heatsink), increase the ambient temperature until the thermal protection is triggered; use worst-case loads and signal conditions.

The internal protection circuitry of the TLV702xx-Q1 has been designed to protect against overload conditions. It was not intended to replace proper heatsinking. Continuously running the TLV702xx-Q1 into thermal shutdown degrades device reliability.

POWER DISSIPATION

The ability to remove heat from the die is different for each package type, presenting different considerations in the printed circuit board (PCB) layout. The PCB area around the device that is free of other components moves the heat from the device to the ambient air.

Thermal performance data for TLV702xx-Q1 were gathered using the [TLV700 evaluation module](#) (EVM), a 2-layer board with two ounces of copper per side. Using heavier copper increases the effectiveness in removing heat from the device. The addition of plated through-holes to heat-dissipating layers also improves heatsink effectiveness.

Power dissipation depends on input voltage and load conditions. Power dissipation (P_D) is equal to the product of the output current and the voltage drop across the output pass element, as shown in [Equation 2](#).

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times I_{OUT}$$
(2)

PACKAGE MOUNTING

Solder pad footprint recommendations for the TLV702xx-Q1 are available from the Texas Instruments website at www.ti.com.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TLV70228QDDCRQ1	ACTIVE	SOT	DDC	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	SJV	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

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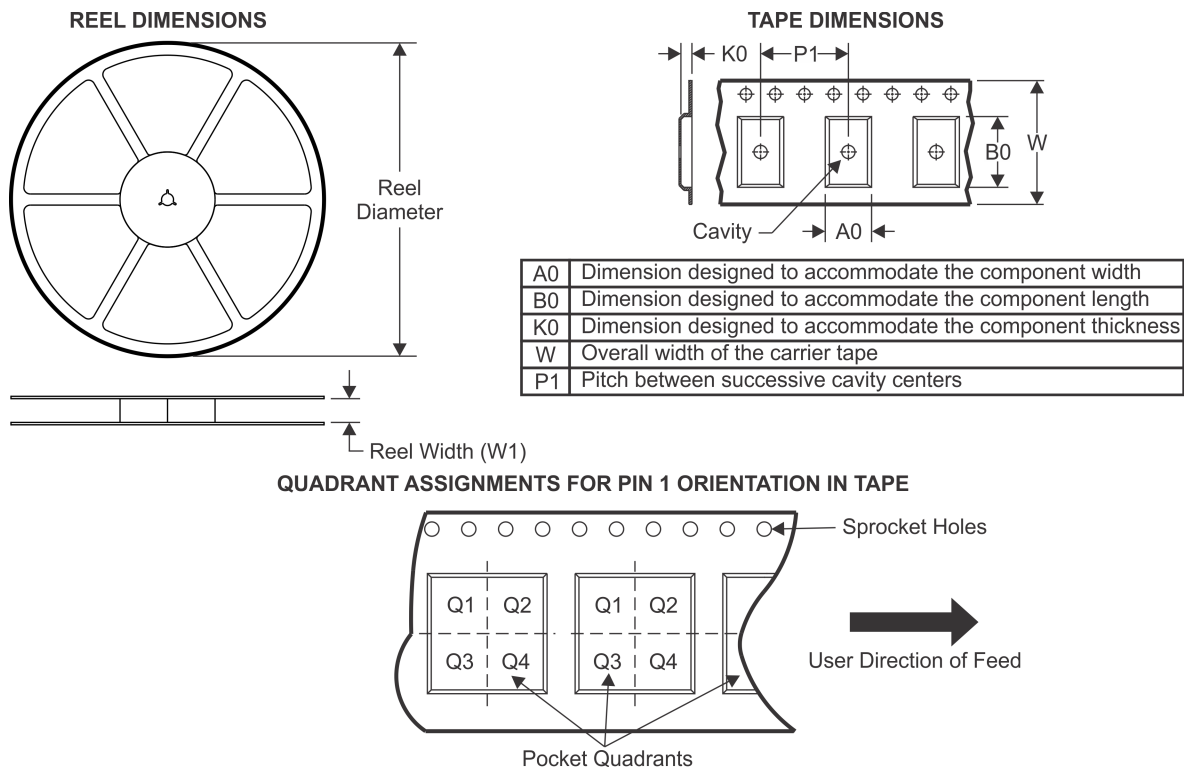
In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TLV70228-Q1 :

-
- Catalog: [TLV70228](#)

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Catalog - TI's standard catalog product

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TLV70228QDDCRQ1	SOT	DDC	5	3000	179.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS

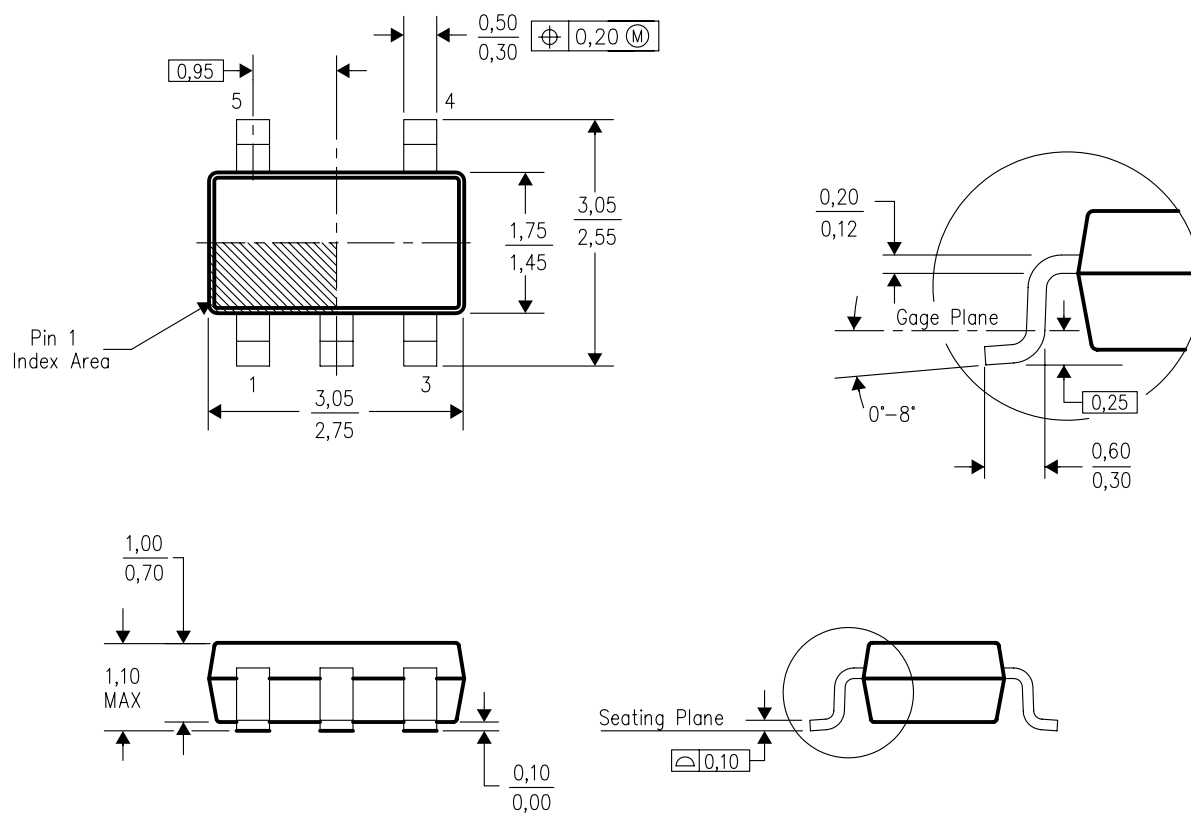


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TLV70228QDDCRQ1	SOT	DDC	5	3000	195.0	200.0	45.0

DDC (R-PDSO-G5)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE



4204403-2/E 06/05

- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion.
 - Falls within JEDEC MO-193 variation AB (5 pin).

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