

## ***MSP430F439 Device Erratasheet***

### **1 Revision History**

✓ The check mark indicates that the issue is present in the specified revision.

Errata Number	Rev E
<a href="#">ADC18</a>	✓
<a href="#">ADC25</a>	✓
<a href="#">CPU4</a>	✓
<a href="#">EEM20</a>	✓
<a href="#">FLL3</a>	✓
<a href="#">TA12</a>	✓
<a href="#">TA16</a>	✓
<a href="#">TA21</a>	✓
<a href="#">TAB22</a>	✓
<a href="#">TB2</a>	✓
<a href="#">TB16</a>	✓
<a href="#">TB24</a>	✓
<a href="#">US15</a>	✓
<a href="#">WDG2</a>	✓
<a href="#">XOSC5</a>	✓
<a href="#">XOSC9</a>	✓

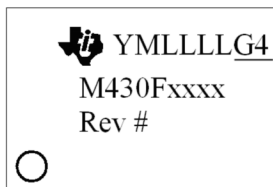
## 2 Package Markings

### PN80

#### LQFP (PN), 80 Pin



YM = Year and Month Date Code  
 LLLL = LOT Trace Code  
 S = Assembly Site Code  
 # = DIE Revision  
 o = PIN 1



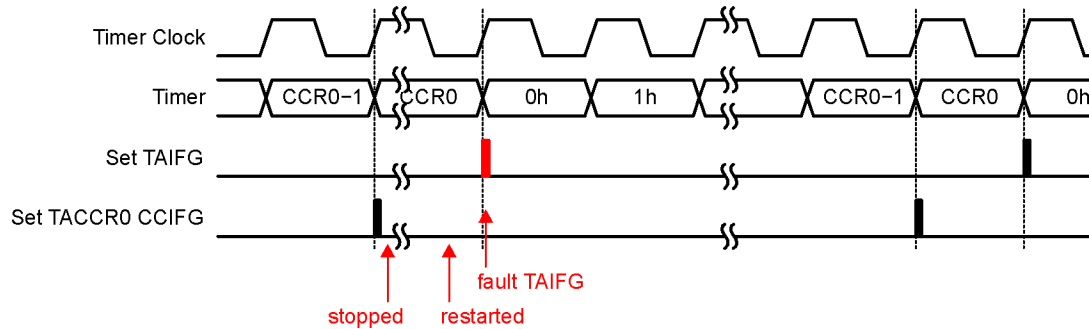
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### 3 Detailed Bug Description

<b>ADC18</b>	<b>ADC12 Module</b>
<b>Function</b>	Incorrect conversion result in extended sample mode
<b>Description</b>	<p>The ADC12 conversion result can be incorrect if the extended sample mode is selected (SHP = 0), the conversion clock is not the internal ADC12 oscillator (ADC12SSEL &gt; 0), and one of the following two conditions is true:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- The extended sample input signal SHI is asynchronous to the clock source used for ADC12CLK and the undivided ADC12 input clock frequency exceeds 3.15 MHz.</li> </ul> <p>or</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- The extended sample input signal SHI is synchronous to the clock source used for ADC12CLK and the undivided ADC12 input clock frequency exceeds 6.3 MHz.</li> </ul>
<b>Workaround</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Use the pulse sample mode (SHP = 1).</li> </ul> <p>or</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Use the ADC12 internal oscillator as the ADC12 clock source.</li> </ul> <p>or</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Limit the undivided ADC12 input clock frequency to 3.15 MHz.</li> </ul> <p>or</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Use the same clock source (such as ACLK or SMCLK) to derive both SHI and ADC12CLK, to achieve synchronous operation, and also limit the undivided ADC12 input clock frequency to 6.3 MHz.</li> </ul>
<b>ADC25</b>	<b>ADC12 Module</b>
<b>Function</b>	Write to ADC12CTL0 triggers ADC12 when CONSEQ = 00
<b>Description</b>	<p>If ADC conversions are triggered by the Timer_B module and the ADC12 is in single-channel single-conversion mode (CONSEQ = 00), ADC sampling is enabled by write access to any bit(s) in the ADC12CTL0 register. This is contrary to the expected behavior that only the ADC12 enable conversion bit (ADC12ENC) triggers a new ADC12 sample.</p>
<b>Workaround</b>	<p>When operating the ADC12 in CONSEQ=00 and a Timer_B output is selected as the sample and hold source, temporarily clear the ADC12ENC bit before writing to other bits in the ADC12CTL0 register. The following capture trigger can then be re-enabled by setting ADC12ENC = 1.</p>
<b>CPU4</b>	<b>CPU Module</b>
<b>Function</b>	PUSH #4, PUSH #8
<b>Description</b>	<p>The single operand instruction PUSH cannot use the internal constants (CG) 4 and 8. The other internal constants (0, 1, 2, -1) can be used. The number of clock cycles is different:</p> <p>PUSH #CG uses address mode 00, requiring 3 cycles, 1 word instruction</p> <p>PUSH #4/#8 uses address mode 11, requiring 5 cycles, 2 word instruction</p>
<b>Workaround</b>	Workaround implemented in assembler.

<b>EEM20</b>	<b><i>EEM Module</i></b>
<b>Function</b>	Debugger might clear interrupt flags
<b>Description</b>	During debugging read-sensitive interrupt flags might be cleared as soon as the debugger stops. This is valid in both single-stepping and free run modes.
<b>Workaround</b>	None.
<b>FLL3</b>	<b><i>FLL+ Module</i></b>
<b>Function</b>	FLLDx = 11 for /8 may generate an unstable MCLK frequency
<b>Description</b>	When setting the FLL to higher frequencies using FLLDx = 11 (/8) the output frequency of the FLL may have a larger frequency variation (e.g. averaged over 2sec) as well as a lower average output frequency than expected when compared to the other FLLDx bit settings.
<b>Workaround</b>	None
<b>TA12</b>	<b><i>TIMER_A Module</i></b>
<b>Function</b>	Interrupt is lost (slow ACLK)
<b>Description</b>	Timer_A counter is running with slow clock (external TACLK or ACLK) compared to MCLK. The compare mode is selected for the capture/compare channel and the CCRx register is incremented by one with the occurring compare interrupt (if TAR = CCRx). Due to the fast MCLK the CCRx register increment (CCRx = CCRx+1) happens before the Timer_A counter has incremented again. Therefore the next compare interrupt should happen at once with the next Timer_A counter increment (if TAR = CCRx + 1). This interrupt gets lost.
<b>Workaround</b>	Switch capture/compare mode to capture mode before the CCRx register increment. Switch back to compare mode afterwards.
<b>TA16</b>	<b><i>TIMER_A Module</i></b>
<b>Function</b>	First increment of TAR erroneous when IDx > 00
<b>Description</b>	The first increment of TAR after any timer clear event (POR/TACLR) happens immediately following the first positive edge of the selected clock source (INCLK, SMCLK, ACLK or TACLK). This is independent of the clock input divider settings (ID0, ID1). All following TAR increments are performed correctly with the selected IDx settings.
<b>Workaround</b>	None
<b>TA21</b>	<b><i>TIMER_A Module</i></b>
<b>Function</b>	TAIFG Flag is erroneously set after Timer A restarts in Up Mode
<b>Description</b>	In Up Mode, the TAIFG flag should only be set when the timer resets from TACCR0 to zero. However, if the Timer A is stopped at TAR = TACCR0, then cleared (TAR=0) by setting the TACLR bit, and finally restarted in Up Mode, the next rising edge of the

TACLK will erroneously set the TAIFG flag.



#### Workaround

None.

### TAB22

#### **TIMER\_A/TIMER\_B Module**

#### Function

Timer\_A/Timer\_B register modification after Watchdog Timer PUC

#### Description

Unwanted modification of the Timer\_A/Timer\_B registers TACTL/TBCTL and TAIV/TBIV can occur when a PUC is generated by the Watchdog Timer(WDT) in Watchdog mode and any Timer\_A/Timer\_B counter register TACCRx/TBCCRx is incremented/decremented (Timer\_A/Timer\_B does not need to be running).

#### Workaround

Initialize TACTL/TBCTL register after the reset occurs using a MOV instruction (BIS/BIC may not fully initialize the register). TAIV/TBIV is automatically cleared following this initialization.

Example code:

```
MOV.W #VAL, &TACTL
```

or

```
MOV.W #VAL, &TBCTL
```

Where, VAL=0, if Timer is not used in application otherwise, user defined per desired function.

### TB2

#### **TIMER\_B Module**

#### Function

Interrupt is lost (slow ACLK)

#### Description

Timer\_B counter is running with slow clock (external TBCLK or ACLK) compared to MCLK. The compare mode is selected for the capture/compare channel and the CCRx register is incremented by 1 with the occurring compare interrupt (if TBR = CCRx).

Due to the fast MCLK, the CCRx register increment ( $CCRx = CCRx + 1$ ) happens before the Timer\_B counter has incremented again. Therefore, the next compare interrupt should happen at once with the next Timer\_B counter increment (if  $TBR = CCRx + 1$ ). This interrupt is lost.

#### Workaround

Switch capture/compare mode to capture mode before the CCRx register increment. Switch back to compare mode afterward.

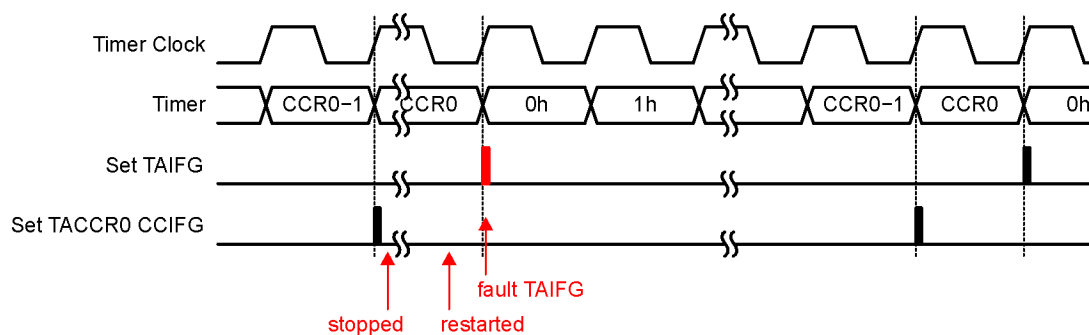
### TB16

#### **TIMER\_B Module**

<b>Function</b>	First increment of TBR erroneous when IDx > 00
<b>Description</b>	The first increment of TBR after any timer clear event (POR/TBCLR) happens immediately following the first positive edge of the selected clock source (INCLK, SMCLK, ACLK, or TBCLK). This is independent of the clock input divider settings (ID0, ID1). All following TBR increments are performed correctly with the selected IDx settings.
<b>Workaround</b>	None

## TB24 *TIMER\_B Module*

<b>Function</b>	TBIFG Flag is erroneously set after Timer B restarts in Up Mode
<b>Description</b>	In Up Mode, the TBIFG flag should only be set when the timer resets from TBCCR0 to zero. However, if the Timer A is stopped at TBR = TBCCR0, then cleared (TBR=0) by setting the TBCLR bit, and finally restarted in Up Mode, the next rising edge of the TBCLK will erroneously set the TBIFG flag.



<b>Workaround</b>	None.
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## US15 *USART Module*

<b>Function</b>	UART receive with two stop bits
<b>Description</b>	USART hardware does not detect a missing second stop bit when SPB = 1. The Framing Error Flag (FE) will not be set under this condition and erroneous data reception may occur.
<b>Workaround</b>	None (Configure USART for a single stop bit, SPB = 0)

## WDG2 *WDT Module*

<b>Function</b>	Incorrectly accessing a flash control register
<b>Description</b>	If a key violation is caused by incorrectly accessing a flash control register, the watchdog interrupt flag is set in addition to the expected PUC.
<b>Workaround</b>	None

## XOSC5 *XOSC Module*

<b>Function</b>	LF crystal failures may not be properly detected by the oscillator fault circuitry
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**Description** The oscillator fault error detection of the LFXT1 oscillator in low frequency mode (XTS = 0) may not work reliably causing a failing crystal to go undetected by the CPU, i.e. OFIFG will not be set.

**Workaround** None

## **XOSC9** ***XOSC Module***

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**Function** XT1 Oscillator may not function as expected in HF mode

**Description** XT1 oscillator does not work correctly in high frequency mode at supply voltages below 2.0V with crystal frequency > 4MHz.

**Workaround** None. When XT1 oscillator is used in HF mode with crystal frequency > 4MHz ensure a supply voltage > 2.2V.

#### 4 Document Revision History

Changes from family erratasheet to device specific erratasheet.

1. Description for TAB22 was updated

Changes from device specific erratasheet to document Revision A.

1. Errata EEM20 was added to the errata documentation.

Changes from document Revision A to Revision B.

1. Errata TA21 was added to the errata documentation.

Changes from document Revision B to Revision C.

1. Errata TB24 was added to the errata documentation.



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