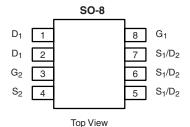




Dual N-Channel 30-V (D-S) MOSFET with Schottky Diode

PRODUCT SUMMARY							
	V _{DS} (V)	$R_{DS(on)}\left(\Omega\right)$	I _D (A) ^a	Q _g (Typ.)			
Channel-1		0.018 at V _{GS} = 10 V	10	6.6			
Channel-1	30	0.023 at $V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	8.5	0.6			
Channel-2	30	0.018 at V _{GS} = 10 V	10.5	8.9			
Griannei-2		0.022 at $V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	9.3	0.9			

SCHOTTKY PRODUCT SUMMARY					
V _{DS} (V)	V _{SD} (V) Diode Forward Voltage	I _F (A)			
30	0.50 V at 1.0 A	2.0			



Ordering Information: Si4814BDY-T1-E3 (Lead (Pb)-free)

Si4814BDY-T1-GE3 (Lead (Pb)-free and Halogen-free)

FEATURES

- Halogen-free According to IEC 61249-2-21 Available
- LITTLE FOOT[®] Plus Integrated Schottky
- 100 % R_g Tested

APPLICATIONS

- ADC/DC Converters
 - Notebook



	D_1		
G ₁ O			
N-Channel 1 MOSFET		•	—o S₁/D₂
G ₂ 0			Schottky Diode
N-Channel 2 MOSFET	S ₂		

Parameter		Symbol	Channel-1	Channel-2	Unit
Drain-Source Voltage	V _{DS}	3	0		
Gate-Source Voltage		V _{GS}	2	0	V
	T _C = 25 °C		10	10.5	
Continuous Drain Current (T _J = 150 °C) ^{a,b}	T _C = 70 °C		8	8.3	
	T _A = 25 °C	I _D	7.5 ^{a, b, c}	7.8 ^{a, b, c}	
	T _A = 70 °C	1	6 ^{a ,b, c}	6.3 ^{a, b, c}	
Pulsed Drain Current (10 µs Pulse Width)	I _{DM}	40	40	Α	
Continuous Course Dunin Diada Current	T _C = 25 °C	- I _S	3	3.2	
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	T _A = 25 °C		1.7 ^{a, b, c}	1.8 ^{a, b, c}	
PulseD Source-Drain Current	•	I _{SM}	40	40	
Single-Pulse Avalanche Current	L = 0.1 mH	I _{AS}	15		
Single-Pulse Avalanche Energy	L = 0.1 min	E _{AS}	11.2		mJ
	T _C = 25 °C		3.3	3.5	
5 5	T _C = 70 °C	Б	2.1	2.2	W
Maximum Power Dissipation ^{a, b}	T _A = 25 °C	P _D 1.9 ^{a, b, c}	1.9 ^{a, b, c}	2.0 ^{a, b, c}	
	T _A = 70 °C		1.2 ^{a, b, c}	1.3 ^{a, b, c}	
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Ra	nge	T _J , T _{stg}	- 55 t	o 150	°C

Notes:

- a. Based on $T_C = 25$ °C.
- b. Surface Mounted on 1" x 1" FR4 board.
- c. t = 10 s.



THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS								
		Chan	nel-1	Chan	Channel-2			
Parameter	Symbol	Тур.	Max.	Тур.	Max.	Unit		
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^a	t ≤ 10 s	R_{thJA}	54	65	47	60	°C/W	
Maximum Junction-to-Foot (Drain)	Steady State	R_{thJF}	32	38	30	35	0/ **	

Notes:

b. Maximum under Steady State conditions is 112 °C/W for Channel 1 and 107 °C/W for Channel 2.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions		Min.	Typ. ^a	Max.	Unit	
Static								
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V _{DS}	V _{GS} = 0 V, I _D = 250 μA	Ch-1	30			V	
Brain Godroe Breakdown Vollage	.03	*GS * 1, 10 = 00 p. 1	Ch-2	30				
V _{DS} Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{DS}/T_{J}$		Ch-1		24		mV/°C	
	20 0	I _D = 250 μA	Ch-2		25			
V _{GS(th)} Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{GS(th)}/T_J$		Ch-1		- 6			
()	(-,		Ch-2	4.5	- 6	0.0	V	
Gate Threshold Voltage	V _{GS(th)}	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250 \mu A$	Ch-1	1.5		3.0	ł	
			Ch-2 Ch-1	1.5		2.7 100		
Gate-Body Leakage	I_{GSS}	$V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 20 \text{ V}$	Ch-2			100	nA	
			Ch-1			1		
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current		$V_{DS} = 30 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$	Ch-2			100		
	I _{DSS}		Ch-1			15	15 μA	
		$V_{DS} = 30 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, T_{J} = 85 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	Ch-2			2000		
b		V 5VV 10V	Ch-1	20				
On-State Drain Current ^b	I _{D(on)}	$V_{DS} = 5 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$	Ch-2	20			A	
		V _{GS} = 10 V, I _D = 10 A	Ch-1		0.0145	0.018	Ω	
	_	V _{GS} = 10 V, I _D = 10.5 A	Ch-2		0.015	0.018		
Drain-Source On-State Resistance ^b	R _{DS(on)}	V _{GS} = 4.5 V, I _D = 8.5 A	Ch-1		0.019	0.023		
		V _{GS} = 4.5 V, I _D = 9.3 A	Ch-2		0.018	0.022		
		V _{DS} = 15 V, I _D = 10 A	Ch-1		30			
Forward Transconductance ^b	g_{fs}	V _{DS} = 15 V, I _D = 10.5 A	Ch-2		35		S	
		I _S = 1.7 A, V _{GS} = 0 V	Ch-1		0.75	1.1		
Diode Forward Voltage ^b	V_{SD}	I _S = 1 A, V _{GS} = 0 V	Ch-2		0.47	0.5	V	
Dynamic ^a	l	- 33			l		<u> </u>	
•			Ch-1		6.6	10		
Total Gate Charge	Q_g	Channel-1	Ch-2		8.9	14		
Gate-Source Charge	0	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_{D} = 10 \text{ A}$	Ch-1		2.9		-0	
	Q _{gs}	Channel-2	Ch-2		3.4		nC	
Gate-Drain Charge	Q _{qd}	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_{D} = -10.5 \text{ A}$	Ch-1		2.3			
Gate Brain Gharge	⊶ga		Ch-2		2.4			
Gate Resistance	R_{g}		Ch-1	0.5	1.9	2.9	Ω	
date Hesistance	9		Ch-2	0.5	2.3	3 3.5		

a. Surface Mounted on 1" x 1" FR4 board.



MOSFET SPECIFICATIONS T _J = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted								
Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions		Min.	Typ. ^a	Max.	Unit	
Dynamic ^a								
Turn-On Delay Time	t. _{1/-}		Ch-1		8	15		
Turn-Off Delay Time	t _{d(on)}	Channel-1	Ch-2		9	15		
Rise Time	t _r	V_{DD} = 15 V, R_L = 15 Ω $I_D \cong 1$ A, V_{GEN} = 10 V, R_a = 6 Ω	Ch-1		11	18		
Thise Time	۲	$ID = IA$, $V_{GEN} = IOV$, $H_g = 0.22$	Ch-2		13	20		
Turn-Off Delay Time	t.,	Channel-2	Ch-1		21	32		
	t _{d(off)}	$V_{DD} = 15 \text{ V}, R_{L} = 15 \Omega$	Ch-2		27	40	ns	
Fall Time	t _f	$I_D \cong 1 \text{ A, V}_{GEN} = 10 \text{ V, R}_q = 6 \Omega$	Ch-1		6	10 15		
i all Tille	ኅ	Ç	Ch-2		9			
Source-Drain Reverse Recovery Time	+	$I_F = 1.3 \text{ A}, dI/dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	Ch-1		28	40		
Source-Diam neverse necovery fille	t _{rr}	$I_F = 2.2 \text{ A}, \text{ dI/dt} = 100 \mu\text{A/}\mu\text{s}$	Ch-2		24	35		
Pady Diada Payaraa Basayary Chargo	Q _{rr}	I _F = 1.3 A, dI/dt = 100 A/μs	Ch-1		17		nC	
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	∀ rr	I _F = 2.2 A, dI/dt = 100 μA/μs	Ch-2		12		IIC	
Deverse December Fell Time	+	I _F = 1.3 A, dI/dt = 100 A/μs	Ch-1		12			
Reverse Recovery Fall Time	t _a	$I_F = 2.2 \text{ A}, \text{ dI/dt} = 100 \mu\text{A/}\mu\text{s}$	Ch-2		11			
Payaraa Baayary Biga Tima	ŧ.	I _F = 1.3 A, dI/dt = 100 A/μs	Ch-1		16		ns	
Reverse Recovery Rise Time	t _b	$I_F = 2.2 \text{ A}, \text{ dI/dt} = 100 \mu\text{A/}\mu\text{s}$	Ch-2		13			

Notes:

a. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing.

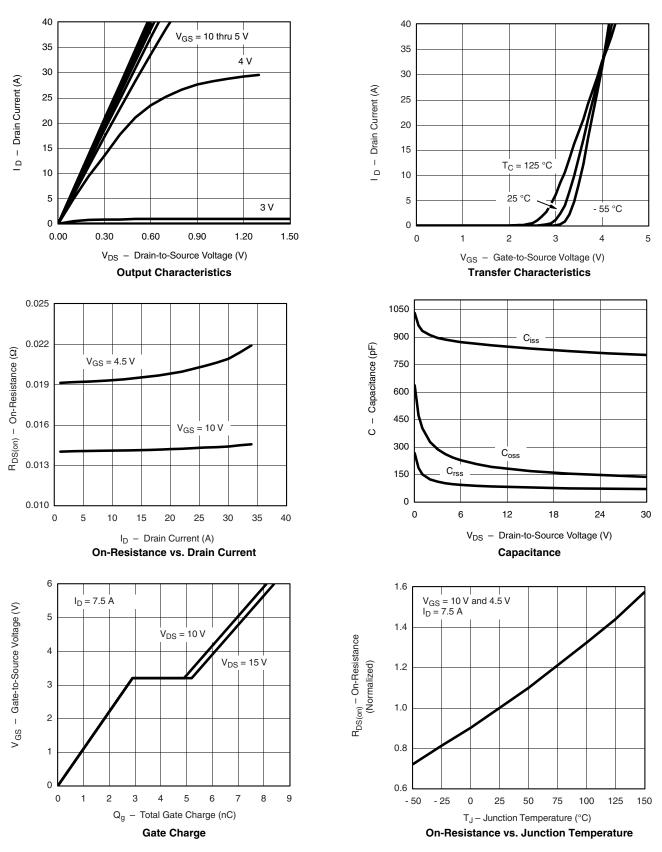
b. Pulse test; pulse width $\leq 300~\mu s,$ duty cycle $\leq 2~\%.$

SCHOTTKY SPECIFICATIONS T _J = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted								
Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit		
Forward Voltage Drop	VE	I _F = 1.0 A		0.47	0.50	V		
	٧F	I _F = 1.0 A, T _J = 125 °C		0.36	0.42			
Maximum Reverse Leakage Current		V _R = 30 V		0.004	0.100			
	I _{rm}	$V_R = 30 \text{ V}, T_J = 100 ^{\circ}\text{C}$		0.7	10	mA		
		$V_R = -30 \text{ V}, T_J = 125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$		3.0	20			
Junction Capacitance	C _T	V _R = 10 V		50		pF		

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

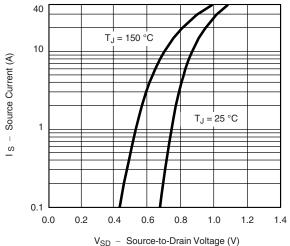
VISHAY.

CHANNEL-1 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted

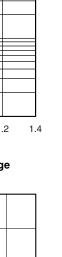




CHANNEL-1 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 $^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise noted



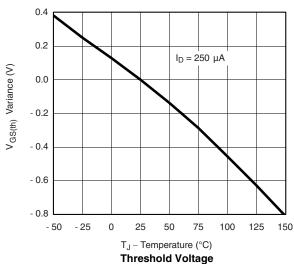
Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

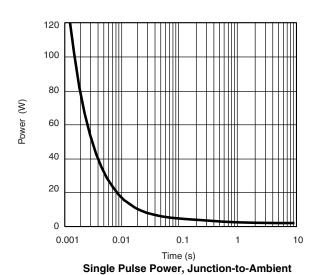


0.05 0.04 0.03 0.02 0.02 0.00 0 2 4 6 8 10

V_{GS} – Gate-to-Source Voltage (V)

On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



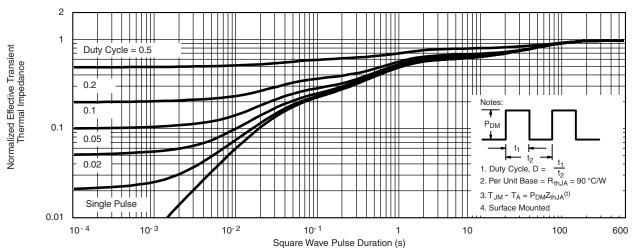


* V_{GS} > minimum V_{GS} at which R_{DS(on)} is specified

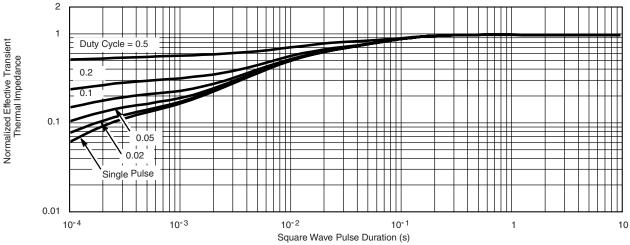
Safe Operating Area



CHANNEL-1 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient

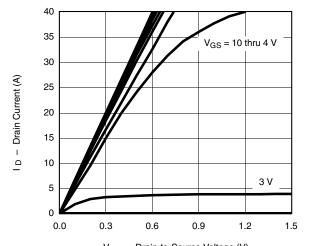


Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Foot



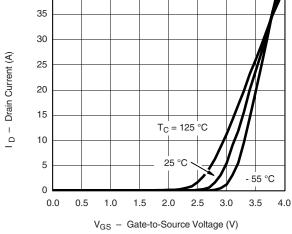


CHANNEL-2 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted

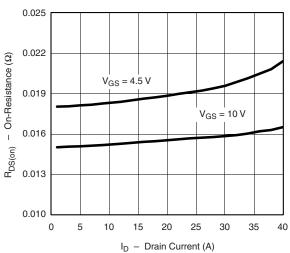


V_{DS} - Drain-to-Source Voltage (V)

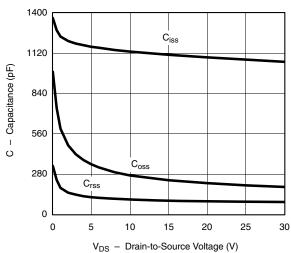
Output Characteristics



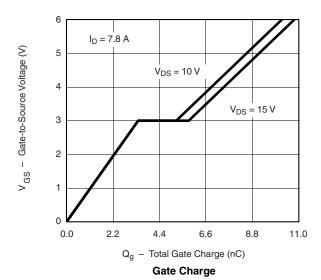
Transfer Characteristics

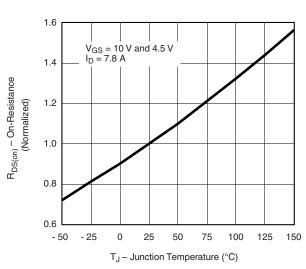


On-Resistance vs. Drain Current



Capacitance

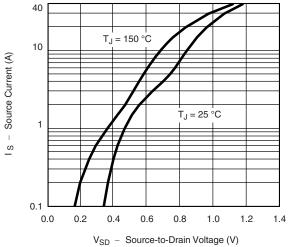


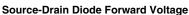


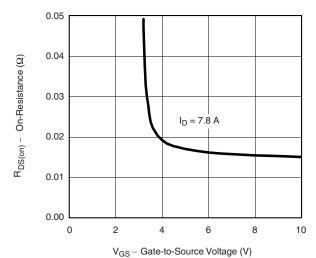
On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

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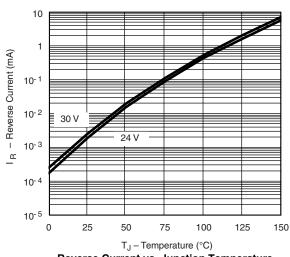
CHANNEL-2 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



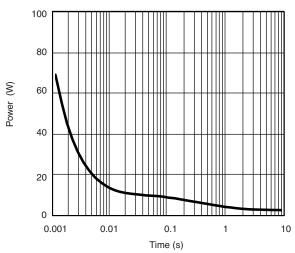




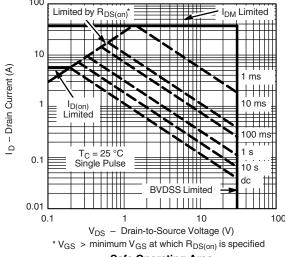
On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



Reverse Current vs. Junction Temperature

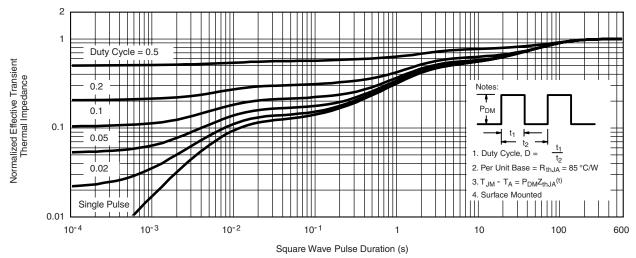


Single Pulse Power, Junction-to-Ambient

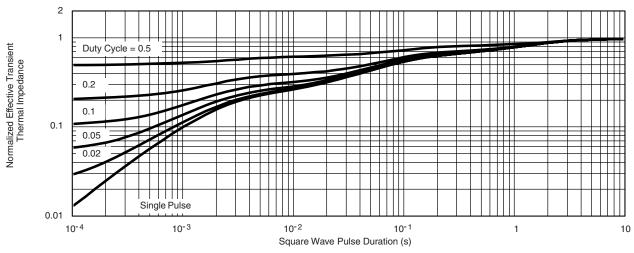




CHANNEL-2 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient



Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Foot

Vishay Siliconix maintains worldwide manufacturing capability. Products may be manufactured at one of several qualified locations. Reliability data for Silicon Technology and Package Reliability represent a composite of all qualified locations. For related documents such as package/tape drawings, part marking, and reliability data, see www.vishay.com/ppg273278.



SOIC (NARROW): 8-LEAD JEDEC Part Number: MS-012







	MILLIM	IETERS	INCHES			
DIM	Min	Max	Min	Max		
Α	1.35	1.75	0.053	0.069		
A ₁	0.10	0.20	0.004	0.008		
В	0.35	0.51	0.014	0.020		
С	0.19	0.25	0.0075	0.010		
D	4.80	5.00	0.189	0.196		
Е	3.80	4.00	0.150	0.157		
е	1.27	BSC	0.050) BSC		
Н	5.80	6.20	0.228	0.244		
h	0.25	0.50	0.010	0.020		
L	0.50	0.93	0.020	0.037		
q	0°	8°	0°	8°		
S	0.44	0.64	0.018	0.026		
ECN: C-06527-Rev. I. 11-Sep-06						

DWG: 5498

Document Number: 71192 www.vishay.com 11-Sep-06

Mounting LITTLE FOOT®, SO-8 Power MOSFETs

Wharton McDaniel

Surface-mounted LITTLE FOOT power MOSFETs use integrated circuit and small-signal packages which have been been modified to provide the heat transfer capabilities required by power devices. Leadframe materials and design, molding compounds, and die attach materials have been changed, while the footprint of the packages remains the same.

See Application Note 826, Recommended Minimum Pad Patterns With Outline Drawing Access for Vishay Siliconix MOSFETs, (http://www.vishay.com/ppg?72286), for the basis of the pad design for a LITTLE FOOT SO-8 power MOSFET. In converting this recommended minimum pad to the pad set for a power MOSFET, designers must make two connections: an electrical connection and a thermal connection, to draw heat away from the package.

In the case of the SO-8 package, the thermal connections are very simple. Pins 5, 6, 7, and 8 are the drain of the MOSFET for a single MOSFET package and are connected together. In a dual package, pins 5 and 6 are one drain, and pins 7 and 8 are the other drain. For a small-signal device or integrated circuit, typical connections would be made with traces that are 0.020 inches wide. Since the drain pins serve the additional function of providing the thermal connection to the package, this level of connection is inadequate. The total cross section of the copper may be adequate to carry the current required for the application, but it presents a large thermal impedance. Also, heat spreads in a circular fashion from the heat source. In this case the drain pins are the heat sources when looking at heat spread on the PC board.



Figure 1. Single MOSFET SO-8 Pad Pattern With Copper Spreading



Figure 2. Dual MOSFET SO-8 Pad Pattern With Copper Spreading

The minimum recommended pad patterns for the single-MOSFET SO-8 with copper spreading (Figure 1) and dual-MOSFET SO-8 with copper spreading (Figure 2) show the starting point for utilizing the board area available for the heat-spreading copper. To create this pattern, a plane of copper overlies the drain pins. The copper plane connects the drain pins electrically, but more importantly provides planar copper to draw heat from the drain leads and start the process of spreading the heat so it can be dissipated into the ambient air. These patterns use all the available area underneath the body for this purpose.

Since surface-mounted packages are small, and reflow soldering is the most common way in which these are affixed to the PC board, "thermal" connections from the planar copper to the pads have not been used. Even if additional planar copper area is used, there should be no problems in the soldering process. The actual solder connections are defined by the solder mask openings. By combining the basic footprint with the copper plane on the drain pins, the solder mask generation occurs automatically.

A final item to keep in mind is the width of the power traces. The absolute minimum power trace width must be determined by the amount of current it has to carry. For thermal reasons, this minimum width should be at least 0.020 inches. The use of wide traces connected to the drain plane provides a low impedance path for heat to move away from the device.

APPLICATION NOTE

Document Number: 70740 Revision: 18-Jun-07



RECOMMENDED MINIMUM PADS FOR SO-8



Recommended Minimum Pads Dimensions in Inches/(mm)

Return to Index

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Vishay

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Please note that some Vishay documentation may still make reference to RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC. We confirm that all the products identified as being compliant to Directive 2002/95/EC conform to Directive 2011/65/EU.

Vishay Intertechnology, Inc. hereby certifies that all its products that are identified as Halogen-Free follow Halogen-Free requirements as per JEDEC JS709A standards. Please note that some Vishay documentation may still make reference to the IEC 61249-2-21 definition. We confirm that all the products identified as being compliant to IEC 61249-2-21 conform to JEDEC JS709A standards.

Revision: 02-Oct-12 Document Number: 91000