

20-W 24-V Input Isolated DC/DC Converter

SLTS153B - JUNE 2000 - REVISED OCTOBER 2002



#### **Features**

- Input Voltage Range: 18V to 40V
- 20W Rated
- Output Voltages: 1.2V to 15V
- 82% Efficiency
- 1500 VDC Isolation
- Low Profile (8.5 mm)
- Adjustable Output Voltage
- On/Off Control
- Differential Remote Sense
- Short Circuit Protection
- Over Temperature Shutdown
- Space Saving Package:
   1.0 sq. in. PCB Area (Suffix N)
- 4×106 Hrs MTBF

### **Description**

The PT4500 Excalibur™ power modules are a series of isolated DC/DC converters housed a new space-saving copper case. The series includes a number of standard output voltages ranging from as low as 1.2VDC to 15VDC, each adjustable by up to 10% of nominal. The modules are ideal for Telecom, Industrial, Computer, and other distributed power applications that require input-to-output isolation.

Using multiple modules, system designers can implement a complete custom power supply solution. The flexibility of full isolation also allows the input or output to be configured for negative voltage operation.

The PT4500 series is electrically equivalent to the popular PT4140 series and requires no additional components for proper operation.

## **Ordering Information**

PT4501□ = 3.3V/5A (16.5W) PT4502□ = 5.0V/4A PT4503□ = 12V/1.6A PT4504□ = 15V/1.3A PT4506□ = 1.5V/5A (7.5W) PT4507□ = 1.8V/5A (9W) PT4508□ = 2.5V/5A (12.5W) PT4509□ = 1.2V/5A (6W)

## PT Series Suffix (PT1234x)

Case/Pin Configuration	Order Suffix	Package Code
Vertical	N	(ELJ)
Horizontal	Α	(ELK)
SMD	C	(ELL)

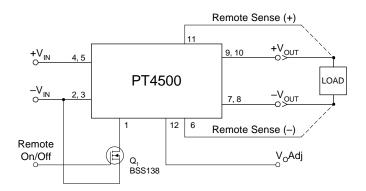
(Reference the applicable package code drawing for the dimensions and PC board layout)

### **Pin-Out Information**

Pin	Function
1	Remote On/Off *
2	-Vin
3	-Vin
4	+Vin
5	+Vin
6	Remote Sense (-)
7	-Vout
8	-Vout
9	+Vout
10	+Vout
11	Remote Sense (+)
12	Vout Adjust *
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<sup>\*</sup> For further information, see application notes.

#### **Standard Application**





20-W 24-V Input Isolated **DC/DC Converter** 

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**Specifications** (Unless otherwise stated,  $T_a = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{in} = 24\text{V}$ ,  $C_{out} = 0\mu\text{F}$ , and  $I_o = I_o \text{max}$ )

					PT4500 SERI	ES	
Characteristic	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур Мах		Units	
Output Current	$I_{o}$	Over $V_{\rm in}$ range	$V_{o} = 15V$ $V_{o} = 12V$ $V_{o} = 5.0V$ $V_{o} \le 3.3V$	0.1 (1) 0.1 (1) 0.1 (1) 0.1 (1)		1.3 1.6 4 5	A
Input Voltage Range	V <sub>in</sub>	Over Io Range		18	24	40	VDC
Set Point Voltage Tolerance	Votol			_	±1	±1.5 (2)	$%V_{o}$
Temperature Variation	Reg <sub>temp</sub>	$-40^{\circ} \le T_a \le +85^{\circ}C$ , $I_o = I_o min$		_	±0.5	_	%V <sub>o</sub>
Line Regulation	Regline	Over V <sub>in</sub> range		_	±0.2	±1	%Vo
Load Regulation	Regload	Over Io range	Vo≥5.0V	_	±0.4	±1 (2)	$%V_{o}$
			V <sub>o</sub> ≤3.3V	_	±13	±33	mV
Total Output Voltage Variation	$\Delta V_{o}$ tot	Includes set-point, line, load, -40° $\leq$ $\Gamma_a$ $\leq$ +85° $C$		_	±2	±3 (2)	$%V_{o}$
Efficiency	η		$V_{o} = 15V$ $V_{o} = 12V$ $V_{o} = 5.0V$ $V_{o} = 3.3V$ $V_{o} = 1.8V$ $V_{o} = 1.5V$ $V_{o} = 1.2V$		86 83 82 79 67 65 59		%
Vo Ripple (pk-pk)	V <sub>r</sub>	20MHz bandwidth	V <sub>o</sub> ≥5.0V	_	0.5	_	%Vo
* 11 d 1 /			V <sub>o</sub> ≤3.3V	_	15	_	mV <sub>pp</sub>
Transient Response	t <sub>tr</sub>	0.1A/µs load step, 50% to 100% I <sub>o</sub> max		_	100	_	μs
-	$\Delta  m V_{tr}$	V <sub>o</sub> over/undershoot	V <sub>o</sub> ≥5.0V	_	±3	_	$%V_{o}$
	△ v tr		V <sub>o</sub> ≤3.3V	_	±150	_	mV
Current Limit Threshold	$I_{lim}$	$V_{in} = 18V$ , $\Delta V_o = -1\%$		_	200	_	%I <sub>o</sub> ma
Output Voltage Adjust	$ m V_{o}$ adj				±10	_	%
Switching Frequency	$f_{\mathrm{s}}$	Over V <sub>in</sub> range	$\begin{array}{c} V_o \! \geq \! 5.0 V \\ V_o \! \leq \! 3.3 V \end{array}$	600 800	650 850	700 900	kHz
Under-Voltage Lockout	UVLO				16.5	_	V
Remote On/Off (Pin 1) High-Level Input Voltage Low-Level Input Voltage	$V_{ m IH} \ V_{ m IL}$	Referenced to -Vin (pin 2)		2.5 -0.2	_	Open (3) 0.8	v
Low-Level Input Current	I <sub>IL</sub>				-10	-	μA
Standby Input Current	I <sub>in</sub> standby	pins 1 & 2 connected			7	10	mA
Internal Input Capacitance	Cin				0.5	220 (1)	μF
External Output Capacitance Isolation Voltage Capacitance Resistance	C <sub>out</sub>	Input-output/input-case Input to output Input to output		1500 		220 (4) — —	μF V pF MΩ
Operating Temperature Range	Ta	Over V <sub>in</sub> range		-40	_	85 (5)	°C
Solder Reflow Temperature	$T_{reflow}$	Surface temperature of module pins or	case			215 (6)	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>s</sub>			-40	_	125	°C
Reliability	MTBF	Per Bellcore TR-332 50% stress, T <sub>a</sub> =40°C, ground benign		4		_	106 Hrs
Mechanical Shock	_	Per Mil-Std-883D, method 2002.3, 1mS, half-sine, mounted to a fixture		_	500	_	Gʻs
Mechanical Vibration	_	Mil-Std-883D, Method 2007.2 20-2000Hz, soldered	Suffix N Suffix A, C	_	20 (7) 20 (7)	_ _	G's
Weight	_	_		_	23	_	grams
Flammability	_	Materials meet UL 94V-0					

**Notes:** (1) The DC/DC converter will operate at no load with reduced specifications.



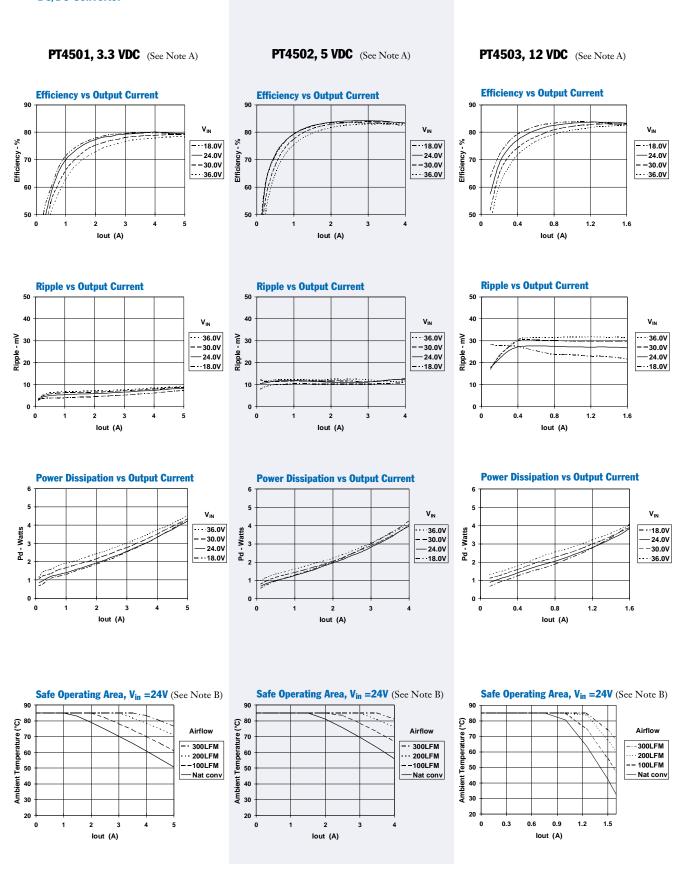
For optimum voltage accuracy the 'Remote Sense (+)' and 'Remote Sense (-)' pins must be connected to +V<sub>out</sub> and -V<sub>out</sub> respectively.
 The Remote On/Off control (pin 1) has an internal pull-up. If pin 1 is left open the PT4500 will operate when input power is applied. A small low-leakage (<100nA) MOSFET must be used to control this input. The open-circuit voltage is less than 10V. See application notes for further information.</li>
 External output capacitance is not required for proper operation. Capacitance may be added to improve the response to load transients. The maximum total capacitance (including the load circuit) must not exceed 220µF, and the combined ESR of must not be less than 100mΩ.

 <sup>(5)</sup> See Safe Operating Area curves or contact the factory for the appropriate derating.
 (6) During solder reflow of SMD package version do not elevate the module case, pins, or internal component temperatures above a peak of 215°C. For further guidance refer to the application note, "Reflow Soldering Requirements for Plug-in Power Surface Mount Products," (SLTA051).
 (7) The case pins on the through-hole package types (suffixes N & A) must be soldered. For more information see the applicable package outline drawing.

## **Typical Characteristics**

20-W 24-V Input Isolated DC/DC Converter

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Note A: Characteristic data has been developed from actual products tested at 25°C. This data is considered typical data for the Converter.

Note B: SOA curves represent the conditions at which internal components are at or below the manufacturer's maximum operating temperatures



PT4500/PT4520 Series

# Operating Features and System Considerations for the PT4500/PT4520 DC/DC Converters

#### **Output Current Limit**

The PT4500 and PT4520 series of DC/DC converters incorporate an output current limit. This protects both the module and upstream source against load faults. Applying a load, in excess of the current limit threshold, will simply cause the output voltage to drop. The output current remains limited, but continues to flow in the fault. The drop in output voltage will vary according to the severity of the fault. Applying a short circuit to the output will result in an output voltage of zero, and the fault current will be limited to a value slightly higher than the current limit threshold. Upon the removal of the load fault, the output voltage of the module will fully recover to its normal regulated output voltage.

## **Primary-Secondary Isolation**

The PT4500 and PT4520 series of DC/DC converters incorporate electrical isolation between the input terminals (primary) and the output terminals (secondary). All converters are production tested to a withstand voltage of 1500VDC. The isolation complies with UL60950 and EN60950, and the requirements for operational isolation. This allows the converter to be configured for either a positive or negative input voltage source.

#### **Output Voltage Adjustment**

The output voltage is typically adjustable over a range of ±10% of nominal. Consult the separate application note, "Ajusting the Output Voltage of the PT4500/PT4520 Series of Isolated DC/DC Converters."

#### **Remote On/Off Function**

The output voltage from the converter can be turned off from the primary side using the *Remote On/Off* control (pin 1). Consult the separate application note, "Using the Remote On/Off Function on the PT4500/PT4520 Series of Isolated DC/DC Converters."

## **Under-Voltage Lock-Out**

The Under-Voltage Lock-Out (UVLO) circuit prevents operation of the converter whenever the input voltage to the module is insufficient to maintain output regulation. Below the UVLO threshold the module is off and the *Remote On/Off* control (pin 1) is inoperative. Table 1-2 gives the applicable UVLO thresholds.

Table 1-2; UVLO Thresholds

Series	UVLO Threshold	V <sub>in</sub> Range
PT4520	31V Typical	36 - 75V
PT4500	16.5V Typical	18 – 40V

#### **Turn-On Time**

The typical turn-on time is typically 35 milliseconds at  $V_{\rm in}$  =48V. This is from application of input power, or the removal of a low-voltage signal from the *Remote On/Off* (pin 1). This includes about about 5–10ms of delay time before the output voltage begins to rise. Turn-on time will vary slightly with input voltage, output load, and the total amount of capacitance connected to the output.

#### **Input Current Limiting**

The converter is not internally fused. For safety and overall system protection, the maximum input current to the converter must be limited. Active or passive current limiting can be used. Passive current limiting can be a fast acting fuse. A 125-V fuse, rated no more than 5A, is recommended. Active current limiting can be implemented with a current limited "Hot-Swap" controller.

#### **Thermal Considerations**

Airflow may be necessary to ensure that the module can supply the desired load current in environments with elevated ambient temperatures. The required airflow rate may be determined from the Safe Operating Area (SOA) thermal derating curves. These are provided in the "Typical Characteristics" section of the converter specifications.



#### PT4500/4520 Series

## Adjusting the Output Voltage of the PT4500/ PT4520 Series of Isolated DC/DC Converters

The factory pre-set output voltage of TI's PT4500 and PT4520 series of isolated DC/DC converters may be adjusted within a nominal  $\pm 10\%$  range. Adjustment is made from the secondary side of the regulator¹ with a single external resistor. For the input voltage range specified in the data sheet Table 2-1 gives the allowable adjustment range for each model, as  $V_{\rm O}$  (min) and  $V_{\rm O}$  (max).

**Adjust Up:** An increase in the output voltage is obtained by adding a resistor,  $R_2$  between  $V_o$  Adjust (pin 12), and  $-V_{out}$  (pin 7, 8).

**Adjust Down:** Add a resistor  $(R_1)$ , between  $V_o$  Adjust (pin 12), and  $+V_{out}$  (pin 9, 10).

Refer to Figure 2-1 and Table 2-2 for both the placement and value of the required resistor,  $(R_1)$  or  $R_2$ .

#### **Notes:**

- 1. The PT4500 and PT4520 series of DC/DC converters incorporate isolation between the  $\pm V_{in}$  and  $\pm V_{o}$  terminals. Adjustment of the output voltage is made to the regulation circuit on the secondary or output side of the converter.
- 2. The maximum rated output power for this series is 20W. An increase in the output voltage may therefore require a corresponding reduction in the maximum output current (*see Table 2-1*). The revised maximum output current must be determined as follows.

$$I_o(max) = \frac{20}{V_a} A$$
, or 5A, whichever is less.

Where  $V_a$  is the adjusted outur voltage.

3. Use only a single 1% resistor in either the  $(R_1)$  or  $R_2$  location. Place the resistor as close to the module as possible.

4. Never connect capacitors to  $V_o$  adjust. Any capacitance added to the  $V_o$  adjust control pin will affect the stability of the converter.

The values of  $(R_1)$  [adjust down], and  $R_2$  [adjust up], can also be calculated using the following formulas.

$$(R_1) = \frac{K_0(V_a - V_r)}{V_r(V_0 - V_a)} - R_s \qquad k\Omega$$

$$R_2 = \frac{K_0}{(V_2 - V_0)} - R_s = k\Omega$$

Where V<sub>o</sub> = Original output voltage

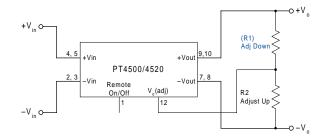
V<sub>a</sub> = Adjusted output voltage

V<sub>r</sub> = Reference voltage (Table 2-1)

K<sub>o</sub> = Multiplier constant (Table 2-1)

R<sub>s</sub> = Internal series resistance (Table 2-1)

Figure 2-1



**Table 2-1** 

DC/DC CONVERTI	DC/DC CONVERTER ADJUSTMENT RANGE AND FORMULA PARAMETERS									
Series Pt #										
48V Bus	PT4529	PT4526	PT4527	PT4528	PT4521	PT4522	PT4523	PT4524		
24V Bus	PT4509	PT4506	PT4507	PT4508	PT4501	PT4502	PT4503	PT4504		
Max Current <sup>2</sup>	5A	5A	5A	5A	5A	4A	1.6A	1.3A		
V <sub>o</sub> (nom)	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.5	3.3	5.0	12.0	15.0		
Va(min)	1.05	1.35	1.62	2.25	2.95	4.5	10.8	13.5		
Va(max)	1.35	1.65	1.98	2.75	3.65	5.5	13.2	16.5		
Vr	0.6125	1.225	1.225	1.225	1.225	2.5	2.5	2.5		
K <sub>o</sub> (V·kΩ)	34.66	67.07	69.7	64.2	69.3	125.2	139.8	137.6		
R <sub>s</sub> (kΩ)	150.0	43.2	110.0	187.0	187.0	187.0	110.0	90.9		

## **Application Notes** continued

## PT4500/4520 Series

**Table 2-2** 

Series Pt #										
48V Bus	PT4529	PT4526	PT4527	PT4528	PT4521		PT4522		PT4523	PT4524
24V Bus	PT4509	PT4506	PT4507	PT4508	PT4501		PT4502		PT4503	PT4504
V <sub>o</sub> (nom)	1.2Vdc	1.5Vdc	1.8Vdc	2.5Vdc	3.3Vdc		5.0Vdc		12.0Vdc	15.0Vdc
V <sub>a</sub> (req'd)						V <sub>a</sub> (req'd)		V <sub>a</sub> (req'd)		
1.05	(15.1)kΩ					4.5	(12.6)kΩ	10.8	(276.0)kΩ	
1.1	(126.0)kΩ					4.55	(40.3)kΩ	11.0	(365.0)kΩ	
1.15	(458.0)kΩ					4.6	(75.0)kΩ	11.2	(497.0)kΩ	
1.2						4.65	(120.0)kΩ	11.4	(719.0)kΩ	
1.25	543.0kΩ					4.7	(179.0)kΩ	11.6	$(1.16)M\Omega$	
1.3	197.0kΩ					4.75	(262.0)kΩ	11.8		
1.35	81.1kΩ	$(2.8)$ k $\Omega$				4.8	(387.0)kΩ	12.0		
1.4		$(53.2)$ k $\Omega$				4.85	(595.0)kΩ	12.2	588.0kΩ	
1.45		(204.0)kΩ				4.9	$(1.01)M\Omega$	12.4	239.0kΩ	
1.5						4.95		12.6	123.0kΩ	
1.55		$1.3M\Omega$				5.0		12.8	$64.6 \mathrm{k}\Omega$	
1.6		$627.0 \mathrm{k}\Omega$				5.05		13.0	$29.7 \mathrm{k}\Omega$	
1.65		$404.0 \mathrm{k}\Omega$	$(51.7)$ k $\Omega$			5.1	$1.06 M\Omega$	13.2	$6.4 \mathrm{k}\Omega$	
1.7			$(161.0)$ k $\Omega$			5.15	$645.0 \mathrm{k}\Omega$	13.5		$(312.0)$ k $\Omega$
1.75			$(489.0)$ k $\Omega$			5.2	$437.0$ k $\Omega$	13.6		$(345.0)$ k $\Omega$
1.8						5.25	312.0kΩ	13.8		$(427.0)$ k $\Omega$
1.85			$1.28 M\Omega$			5.3	229.0kΩ	14.0		$(542.0)$ k $\Omega$
1.9			$587.0 \mathrm{k}\Omega$			5.35	169.0kΩ	14.2		$(713.0)$ k $\Omega$
1.95			$355.0$ k $\Omega$			5.4	125.0kΩ	14.4		$(1.0)M\Omega$
2.25				$(26.5)$ k $\Omega$		5.45	90.2kΩ	14.6		(1.57)Mg
2.3				(92.9)kΩ		5.5	62.4kΩ	14.8		
2.35				$(203.0)$ k $\Omega$				15.0		
2.4				$(425.0)$ k $\Omega$				15.2		$597.0 \mathrm{k}\Omega$
2.45				$(1.09)M\Omega$				15.4		$253.0 \mathrm{k}\Omega$
2.5								15.6		138.0kΩ
2.55				$1.09M\Omega$				15.8		$81.0 \text{k}\Omega$
2.6				$450.0$ k $\Omega$				16.0		46.6kΩ
2.65				$237.0$ k $\Omega$				16.5		$0.8 \mathrm{k}\Omega$
2.7				131.0kΩ						
2.75				67.7kΩ						
2.95					$(90.7)$ k $\Omega$					
3.0					$(146.0)$ k $\Omega$					
3.05					$(224.0)$ k $\Omega$					
3.1					$(341.0)$ k $\Omega$					
3.15					$(536.0)$ k $\Omega$					
3.2					$(926.0)$ k $\Omega$					
3.25					$(2.09.0)M\Omega$					
3.3										
3.35					1.19ΜΩ					
3.4					502.0kΩ					
3.45					$272.0 \mathrm{k}\Omega$					
3.5					158.0kΩ					
3.55					88.7kΩ					
3.6					$42.7k\Omega$					

R1 = (Blue)

R2 = Black

PT4500/4520 Series

## Using the Remote On/Off Function on the PT4500/ PT4520 Series of Isolated DC/DC Converters

For applications requiring output voltage on/off control, the PT4500/4520 series of DC/DC converters incorporate a remote on/off function. This function may be used in applications that require battery conservation, power-up/shutdown sequencing, and/or to coordinate the power-up of the regulator for active in-rush current control. (See the related application note, SLTA021).

This function is provided by the *Remote On/Off* control, pin1. If pin 1 is left open-circuit, the converter provides a regulated output whenever a valid source voltage<sup>3</sup> is applied between  $+V_{in}(\text{pin 4, 5})$ , and  $-V_{in}(\text{pin 2, 3})$ . Connecting pin 1 to pin 2, or applying a low-level signal to pin 1 (with respect to  $-V_{in}$ ), <sup>1</sup> will disable the regulator output <sup>5</sup>.

Table 3-1 provides details of the interface requirements for the *Remote On/Off* pin. Figure 3-1 shows how a discrete MOSFET  $(Q_1)$ , may be referenced to the negative input voltage rail and used with this control input.

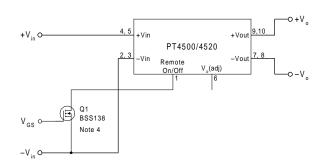
Table 3-1 Inhibit Control Requirements 1

Parameter	Min	Max	
Enable (VIH)	2.5V	(Open Circuit) 4	
Disable (V <sub>IL</sub> )	-0.3V	0.8V	

#### Notes

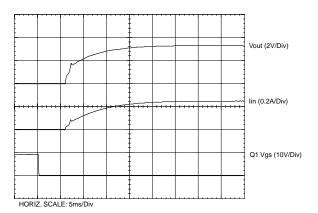
- 1. The on/off control uses  $-V_{in}$  (pin 1), on the primary side of the converter, as its ground reference. All voltages specified are with respect to  $-V_{in}$ .
- 2. The on/off control internal circuitry is a high impedance  $10\mu A$  current source. The open-circuit voltage may be as high as  $8.3 \, \mathrm{Vdc}$ .
- 3. The PT4500/20 series incorporates an "Under-Voltage Lockout" (UVLO) function. The UVLO prevents operation of the converter when there is sufficient input voltage to support a regulated output. Below the UVLO threshold voltage, there is no output from the module and the Remote On/Off control is inoperative.
- The Remote On/Off input of the PT4500/20 series must be controlled with a low-leakage (<100nA) opendrain MOSFET. <u>Do not</u> use a pull-up resistor.
- 5. When the converter output is disabled, the current drawn from the input supply is typically reduced to 8mA (16mA maximum).
- Keep the on/off transition to less than 1ms. This
  prevents erratic operation of the ISR, whereby the
  output voltage may drift un-regulated between 0V
  and the rated output during power-up.

Figure 3-1



**Turn-On Time:** The converter typically produces a fully regulated output voltage within 35ms after the removal of the low voltage signal from the *Remote On/Off* pin. Using the circuit of Figure 3-1, Figure 3-2 shows the output voltage and input current waveforms of a PT4521 after  $Q_1$  is turned off. The turn off of  $Q_1$  corresponds to the drop in  $Q_1$  Vgs voltage. The waveforms were measured with a 48Vdc input voltage, and 2.75-A resistive load.

Figure 3-2



31-Jan-2013

## **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish		Op Temp (°C)	Top-Side Markings	Samples
PT4501A	LIFEBUY	SIP MODULE	ELK	12	10	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 85	(4)	
PT4501N	LIFEBUY	SIP MODULE	ELJ	12	10	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 85		
PT4502A	LIFEBUY	SIP MODULE	ELK	12	10	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 85		
PT4502C	LIFEBUY	SIP MODULE	ELL	12	10	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	Level-3-215C-168HRS	-40 to 85		
PT4502N	LIFEBUY	SIP MODULE	ELJ	12	10	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 85		
PT4503A	LIFEBUY	SIP MODULE	ELK	12	10	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type			
PT4503N	LIFEBUY	SIP MODULE	ELJ	12	10	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type			
PT4504A	LIFEBUY	SIP MODULE	ELK	12	10	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type			
PT4504N	LIFEBUY	SIP MODULE	ELJ	12	10	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type			
PT4506A	LIFEBUY	SIP MODULE	ELK	12	10	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 85		
PT4507A	LIFEBUY	SIP MODULE	ELK	12	10	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 85		
PT4508A	OBSOLETI	SIP MODULE	ELK	12		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85		
PT4508C	LIFEBUY	SIP MODULE	ELL	12	10	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	Level-3-215C-168HRS	-40 to 85		
PT4508N	LIFEBUY	SIP MODULE	ELJ	12	10	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 85		
PT4509A	LIFEBUY	SIP MODULE	ELK	12	10	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 85		

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.



## PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

31-Jan-2013

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

<sup>(4)</sup> Only one of markings shown within the brackets will appear on the physical device.

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