



Maxi Family 72 V Input

c Susus





DC-DC Converter Module

Features

- DC input range: 43 110 V (continuous)
- · Isolated output
- Encapsulated circuitry for shock and vibration resistance
- Extended temperature range (-55 to +100°C)
- Input surge withstand: 150 V for 100 ms
- DC output: 3.3 48 V
- Programmable output: 10 to 110%
- Regulation: ±0.2% no load to full load
- Efficiency: Up to 88%
- · Maximum operating temp: 100 °C, full load
- Power density: up to 80 W per cubic inch
- Height above board: 0.43 in. (10,9 mm)
- Parallelable, with N+M fault tolerance
- · Low noise ZCS/ZVS architecture
- RoHS Compliant (with F or G pin option)

Product Overview

These DC-DC converter modules use advanced power processing, control and packaging technologies to provide the performance, flexibility, reliability and cost effectiveness of a mature power component. High frequency ZCS/ZVS switching provides high power density with low noise and high efficiency.

Grade

E

С

T

Н

М

Applications

Railway/Transportation system applications including communications systems, information display, lighting, control systems, ticket machines, passenger entertainment, public address systems, door control, industrial power systems and power generation systems.

For details on proper operation please refer to:

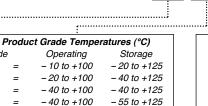
Design Guide & Applications Manual for Maxi, Mini, Micro Family.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Rating | Unit | Notes |
|-----------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|
| +In to -In voltage | -0.5 to +155 | Vdc | |
| PC to –In voltage | -0.5 to +7.0 | Vdc | |
| PR to –In voltage | -0.5 to +7.0 | Vdc | |
| SC to –Out voltage | -0.5 to +1.5 | Vdc | |
| -Sense to -Out voltage | 1.0 | Vdc | |
| Isolation voltage | | | |
| in to out | 3000 | Vrms | Test voltage |
| in to base | 1500 | Vrms | Test voltage |
| out to base | 500 | Vrms | Test voltage |
| Operating Temperature | -55 to +100 | °C | M-Grade |
| Storage Temperature | -65 to +125 | °C | M-Grade |
| Din coldering temperature | 500 (260) | °F (°C) | <5 sec; wave solde |
| Pin soldering temperature — | 750 (390) | °F (°C) | <7 sec; hand solde |
| Mounting torque | 5 (0.57) | in-lbs (N-m) | 6 each |

Part Numbering

e.g. V72A24C400BL



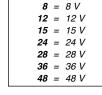
- 65 to +125

V72A

| | • | | | | | | |
|--------------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Output Power | | | | | | | |
| Vout | Pout | | | | | | |
| 3.3 V | 264 W | | | | | | |
| 5 V | 300 W | | | | | | |
| 8 V | 300 W | | | | | | |
| 12 V | 400 W | | | | | | |
| 15 V | 400 W | | | | | | |
| 24 V | 400 W | | | | | | |
| 28 V | 400 W | | | | | | |
| 36 V | 400 W | | | | | | |
| 48 V | 400 W | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

Pin Style Finish
Blank: Short Tin/Lead
L: Long Tin/Lead
S: Short ModuMate Gold
N: Long ModuMate Gold
F: Short RoHS Gold
G: Long RoHS Gold

Baseplate
Blank: Slotted
2: Threaded
3: Through-hole



Output Voltage

3V3 = 3.3V

5 = 5 V

- 55 to +100

MODULE FAMILY ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Electrical characteristics apply over the full operating range of input voltage, output load (resistive) and baseplate temperature, unless otherwise specified. All temperatures refer to the operating temperature at the center of the baseplate.

■ MODULE INPUT SPECIFICATIONS

| Parameter | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Notes |
|-------------------------|------|-------|------|------|---------------------------|
| Operating input voltage | 43 | 72 | 110 | Vdc | Per EN50155 and GBT-25119 |
| Input surge withstand | | | 150 | Vdc | <100 ms |
| Undervoltage turn-on | | 41.7 | 42.6 | Vdc | |
| Undervoltage turn-off | 35.2 | 36.5 | | Vdc | |
| Overvoltage turn-off/on | 111 | 115.5 | 121 | Vdc | |
| Disabled input current | | | 1.5 | mA | PC pin low |

■ MODULE OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS

| Parameter | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Notes |
|------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|---|
| Output voltage setpoint | | | ±1 | % Vout nom. | Nominal input; full load; 25°C |
| ine regulation | | ±0.02 | ±0.20 | % | Low line to high line; full load |
| Temperature regulation | | ±0.002 | ±0.005 | %/°C | Over operating temperature range |
| Power sharing accuracy | | ±2 | ±5 | % | 10 to 100% of full load |
| Programming range | 10 | | 110 | % | Of nominal output voltage. For trimming below 90% of nominal, a minimum load of 10% of maximum rated power may be required. |
| +Out to -Out, +Sense to -Out | t — Absolute Ma | aximum Rating | <u> S</u> | | |
| 3.3 V | | | -0.5 to 4.7 | Vdc | Externally applied |
| 5 V | | | -0.5 to 7.0 | Vdc | Externally applied |
| 8 V | | | -0.5 to 10.9 | Vdc | Externally applied |
| 12 V | | | -0.5 to 16.1 | Vdc | Externally applied |
| 15 V | | | -0.5 to 20.0 | Vdc | Externally applied |
| 24 V | | | -0.5 to 31.7 | Vdc | Externally applied |
| 28 V | | | -0.5 to 36.9 | Vdc | Externally applied |
| 36 V | | | -0.5 to 47.4 | Vdc | Externally applied |
| | | | -0.5 to 62.9 | Vdc | Externally applied |

Note: For important information relative to applications where the converter modules are subject to continuous dynamic loading, contact Vicor applications engineering at 800-927-9474.

■ THERMAL RESISTANCE AND CAPACITY

| Parameter | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | |
|--|-----|------|-----|-------------|--|
| Baseplate to sink; flat, greased surface | | 0.08 | | °C/Watt | |
| Baseplate to sink; thermal pad (P/N 20263) | | 0.07 | | °C/Watt | |
| Baseplate to ambient | | 4.9 | | °C/Watt | |
| Baseplate to ambient; 1000 LFM | | 1.1 | | °C/Watt | |
| Thermal capacity | | 165 | | Watt-sec/°C | |



MODULE FAMILY ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (CONT.)

■ MODULE CONTROL SPECIFICATIONS

| Parameter | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Notes |
|-------------------------------|------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|---|
| PRIMARY SIDE (PC = Primar | ry Control; PR = | Parallel) | | | |
| PC bias voltage current limit | 5.50 1.5 | 5.75 2.1 | 6.00 3.0 | Vdc mA | PC current = 1.0 mA PC voltage = 5.5 V During normal operation |
| PC module disable | 2.3 | 2.6 | 2.9 | Vdc | Switch must be able to sink ≥4 mA. See Fig. 2 |
| PC module enable delay | | 4 | 7 | ms | |
| PC module alarm | | | 0.5 | Vavg | UV, OV, OT, module fault. See Figs. 3 and 5 |
| PC resistance | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.1 | MΩ | See Fig. 3, converter off or fault mode |
| PR emitter amplitude | 5.7 | 5.9 | 6.1 | Volts | PR load >30 Ω , <30 pF |
| PR emitter current | 150 | | | mA | |
| PR receiver impedance | 375 | 500 | 625 | Ω | 25°C |
| PR receiver threshold | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.6 | Volts | Minimum pulse width: 20 ns |
| PR drive capability | | | 12 | modules | Without PR buffer amplifier |
| SECONDARY SIDE (SC = Se | condary Control |) | | | |
| SC bandgap voltage | 1.21 | 1.23 | 1.25 | Vdc | Referenced to -Sense |
| SC resistance | 990 | 1000 | 1010 | Ω | |
| SC capacitance | | 0.033 | | μF | |
| SC module alarm | | 0 | | Vdc | With open trim; referenced to –Sense. See Fig. 7 |

■ MODULE GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

| Parameter | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Notes |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|--|
| Remote sense (total drop) | | | 0.5 | Vdc | 0.25 V per leg (sense leads must be connected to respective, output terminals) |
| Isolation test voltage (in to out)* | 3000 | | | Vrms | Complies with reinforced insulation requirements |
| Isolation test voltage (in to base)* | 1500 | | | Vrms | Complies with basic insulation requirements |
| Isolation test voltage (out to base)* | 500 | | | Vrms | Complies with operational insulation requirements |
| Isolation resistance | | 10 | | ΜΩ | in to out, in to baseplate, out to baseplate |
| Weight (E, C, T grade) | 6.5 (184.3) | 7.3 (207.5) | 8.1 (230.7) | ounces (grams) | |
| Weight (H, M grade) | 7.4 (209.3) | 8.2 (232.5) | 9.0 (255.7) | ounces (grams) | |
| Temperature limiting | 100 | 115 | | °C | See Figs. 3 and 5. Do not operate coverter >100C. |
| Agency approvals | cURus, cTÜVus, CE | | | | UL60950-1, EN60950-1, CSA60950-1, IEC60950- With appropriate fuse in series with the +Input |

^{*} Isolation test voltage, 1 minute or less.

Note:

Specifications are subject to change without notice.



■ MODULE SPECIFIC OPERATING SPECIFICATIONS

3.3 Vout, 264W (e.g. V72A3V3C264BL)

| Parameter | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Notes |
|-----------------------|------|-------|------|-------|--|
| Efficiency | 79 | 80.4 | | % | Nominal input; full load; 25°C |
| Ripple and noise | | 100 | 125 | mV | p-p; Nominal input; full load; 20MHz bandwidth |
| Output OVP setpoint | 4.14 | 4.3 | 4.46 | Volts | 25°C; recycle input voltage or PC to restart (>100 ms off) |
| Dissipation, standby | | 10.2 | 11.7 | Watts | No load |
| Load regulation | | ±0.02 | ±0.2 | % | No load to full load; nominal input |
| Output Current | 0 | | 80 | Amps | |
| Current limit | 81.6 | 92 | 108 | Amps | Output voltage 95% of nominal |
| Short circuit current | 56 | 92 | 108 | Amps | Output voltage <250 mV |

5 Vout, 300 W (e.g. V72A5C300BL)

| Parameter | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Notes |
|-----------------------|------|-------|------|-------|--|
| Efficiency | 83.0 | 85.5 | | % | Nominal input; full load; 25°C |
| Ripple and noise | | 100 | 125 | mV | p-p; Nominal input; full load; 20 MHz bandwidth |
| Output OVP setpoint | 6.03 | 6.25 | 6.47 | Volts | 25°C; recycle input voltage or PC to restart (>100 ms off) |
| Dissipation, standby | | 10.4 | 11 | Watts | No load |
| Load regulation | | ±0.02 | ±0.2 | % | No load to full load; nominal input |
| Output Current | 0 | | 60 | Amps | |
| Current limit | 61.2 | 69 | 81 | Amps | Output voltage 95% of nominal |
| Short circuit current | 22 | 69 | 81 | Amps | Output voltage <250 mV |

8 Vout, 300W (e.g. V72A8C300BL)

| Parameter | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Notes |
|-----------------------|------|-------|------|-------|--|
| Efficiency | 83.6 | 84.8 | | % | Nominal input; full load; 25°C |
| Ripple and noise | | 215 | 269 | mV | p-p; Nominal input; full load; 20MHz bandwidth |
| Output OVP setpoint | 9.36 | 9.7 | 10.1 | Volts | 25°C; recycle input voltage or PC to restart (>100 ms off) |
| Dissipation, standby | | 10.2 | 10.7 | Watts | No load |
| Load regulation | | ±0.02 | ±0.2 | % | No load to full load; nominal input |
| Output Current | 0 | | 37.5 | Amps | |
| Current limit | 38.2 | 43.1 | 50.7 | Amps | Output voltage 95% of nominal |
| Short circuit current | 26.2 | 43.1 | 50.7 | Amps | Output voltage <250 mV |

12 Vout, 400 W (e.g. V72A12C400BL)

| Parameter | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Notes |
|-----------------------|------|-------|-------|-------|--|
| Efficiency | 85.0 | 86.4 | | % | Nominal input; full load; 25°C |
| Ripple and noise | | 320 | 400 | mV | p-p; Nominal input; full load; 20 MHz bandwidth |
| Output OVP setpoint | 13.7 | 14.3 | 14.9 | Volts | 25°C; recycle input voltage or PC to restart (>100 ms off) |
| Dissipation, standby | | 12.4 | 13.5 | Watts | No load |
| Load regulation | | ±0.02 | ±0.2 | % | No load to full load; nominal input |
| Output Current | 0 | | 33.33 | Amps | |
| Current limit | 33.9 | 38.3 | 45 | Amps | Output voltage 95% of nominal |
| Short circuit current | 23.3 | 38.3 | 45 | Amps | Output voltage <250 mV |

15 Vout, 400 W (e.g. V72A15C400BL)

| Parameter | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Notes |
|-----------------------|------|-------|-------|-------|--|
| Efficiency | 85.2 | 86.7 | | % | Nominal input; full load; 25°C |
| Ripple and noise | | 300 | 375 | mV | p-p; Nominal input; full load; 20 MHz bandwidth |
| Output OVP setpoint | 17.1 | 17.8 | 18.5 | Volts | 25°C; recycle input voltage or PC to restart (>100 ms off) |
| Dissipation, standby | | 10.4 | 11.2 | Watts | No load |
| Load regulation | | ±0.02 | ±0.2 | % | No load to full load; nominal input |
| Output Current | 0 | | 26.67 | Amps | |
| Current limit | 27.2 | 30.7 | 36.1 | Amps | Output voltage 95% of nominal |
| Short circuit current | 18.6 | 30.7 | 36.1 | Amps | Output voltage <250 mV |



■ MODULE SPECIFIC OPERATING SPECIFICATIONS

24 Vout, 400 W (e.g. V72A24C400BL)

| Parameter | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Notes |
|-----------------------|------|-------|-------|-------|--|
| Efficiency | 86.5 | 87.9 | | % | Nominal input; full load; 25°C |
| Ripple and noise | | 200 | 250 | mV | p-p; Nominal input; full load; 20 MHz bandwidth |
| Output OVP setpoint | 27.1 | 28.1 | 29.1 | Volts | 25°C; recycle input voltage or PC to restart (>100 ms off) |
| Dissipation, standby | | 11 | 12.5 | Watts | No load |
| Load regulation | | ±0.02 | ±0.2 | % | No load to full load; nominal input |
| Output Current | 0 | | 16.67 | Amps | |
| Current limit | 17 | 19.2 | 23.4 | Amps | Output voltage 95% of nominal |
| Short circuit current | 11.6 | 19.2 | 22.6 | Amps | Output voltage <250 mV |

28 Vout, 400W (e.g. V72A28C400BL)

| Parameter | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Notes |
|-----------------------|------|-------|-------|-------|--|
| Efficiency | 86.3 | 88.4 | | % | Nominal input; full load; 25°C |
| Ripple and noise | | 302 | 378 | mV | p-p; Nominal input; full load; 20MHz bandwidth |
| Output OVP setpoint | 31.5 | 32.7 | 33.9 | Volts | 25°C; recycle input voltage or PC to restart (>100 ms off) |
| Dissipation, standby | | 15.6 | 17.4 | Watts | No load |
| Load regulation | | ±0.02 | ±0.2 | % | No load to full load; nominal input |
| Output Current | 0 | | 14.29 | Amps | |
| Current limit | 14.5 | 16.4 | 19.4 | Amps | Output voltage 95% of nominal |
| Short circuit current | 10 | 16.4 | 19.4 | Amps | Output voltage <250 mV |

36 Vout, 400W (e.g. V72A36C400BL)

| Parameter | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Notes |
|-----------------------|------|-------|-------|-------|--|
| Efficiency | 86.0 | 88.0 | | % | Nominal input; full load; 25°C |
| Ripple and noise | | 200 | 250 | mV | p-p; Nominal input; full load; 20MHz bandwidth |
| Output OVP setpoint | 40.4 | 41.9 | 43.4 | Volts | 25°C; recycle input voltage or PC to restart (>100 ms off) |
| Dissipation, standby | | 15.3 | 16.0 | Watts | No load |
| Load regulation | | ±0.02 | ±0.2 | % | No load to full load; nominal input |
| Output Current | 0 | | 11.11 | Amps | |
| Current limit | 11.3 | 12.8 | 15 | Amps | Output voltage 95% of nominal |
| Short circuit current | 7.77 | 12.8 | 15 | Amps | Output voltage <250 mV |

48 Vout, 400W (e.g. V72A48C400BL)

| Parameter | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Notes |
|-----------------------|------|-------|------|-------|--|
| Efficiency | 85.5 | 87.5 | | % | Nominal input; full load; 25°C |
| Ripple and noise | | 250 | 313 | mV | p-p; Nominal input; full load; 20MHz bandwidth |
| Output OVP setpoint | 53.7 | 55.7 | 57.7 | Volts | 25°C; recycle input voltage or PC to restart (>100 ms off) |
| Dissipation, standby | | 14.9 | 15.4 | Watts | No load |
| Load regulation | | ±0.02 | ±0.2 | % | No load to full load; nominal input |
| Output Current | 0 | | 8.33 | Amps | |
| Current limit | 8.49 | 9.58 | 11.3 | Amps | Output voltage 95% of nominal |
| Short circuit current | 5.83 | 9.58 | 11.3 | Amps | Output voltage <250 mV |



BASIC MODULE OPERATION

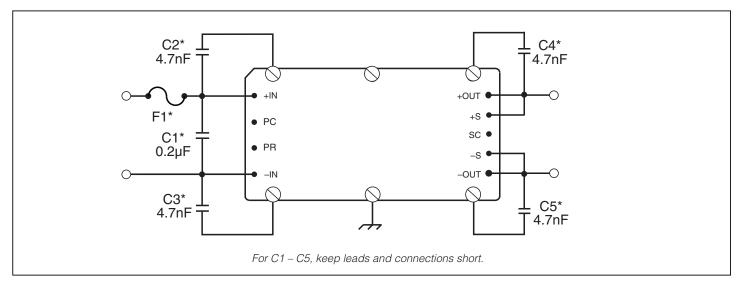


Figure 1 — Basic module operation requires fusing, grounding, bypassing capacitors.

Comprehensive Online Application Information



The Design Guide and Applications Manual includes:

- Application circuits
- Design requirements
- EMC considerations
- Current sharing in power arrays
- Thermal performance information
- Recommended soldering methods
- Accessory modules filtering, rectification, front-ends
- Mounting options

...and more.

CLICK HERE TO VIEW DESIGN GUIDE

Also at vicorpower.com

- PowerBench online configurators
- Over 20 Application Notes
- Online calculators thermal, trimming, hold-up
- PDF data sheets for ALL Vicor products



^{*} See Maxi, Mini, Micro Design Guide.

PRIMARY CONTROL - PC PIN

Module Enable/Disable

The module may be disabled by pulling PC below 2.3 V with respect to the –Input. This may be done with an open collector transistor, relay, or optocoupler. Multiple converters may be disabled with a single transistor or relay either directly or via "OR'ing" diodes. See Figure 2.

Primary Auxiliary Supply

At 5.7 V, PC can source up to 1.5 mA. In the example shown in Figure 4, PC powers a module enabled LED.

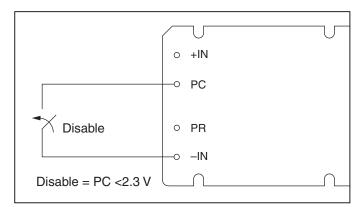


Figure 2 — Module enable/disable.

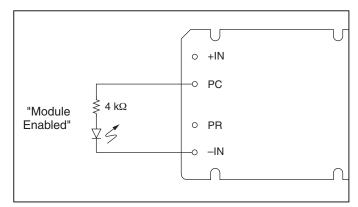


Figure 4 — LED on-state indicator.

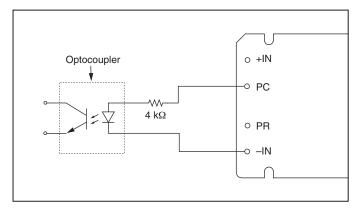


Figure 6 — Isolated on-state indicator.

Module Alarm

The module contains "watchdog" circuitry which monitors input voltage, operating temperature and internal operating parameters. In the event that any of these parameters are outside of their allowable operating range, the module will shut down and PC will go low. PC will periodically go high and the module will check to see if the fault (as an example, overtemperature) has cleared. If the fault has not been cleared, PC will go low again and the cycle will restart. The SC pin will go low in the event of a fault and return to its normal state after the fault has been cleared. See Figures 3 and 5.

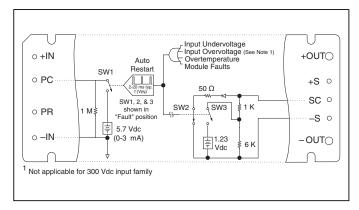


Figure 3 — *PC/SC module alarm logic.*

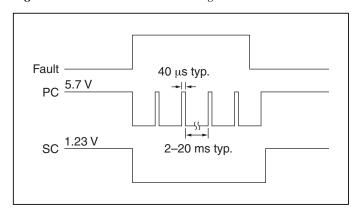


Figure 5 — *PC/SC module alarm timing.*

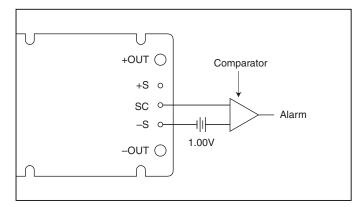


Figure 7 — *Secondary side on-state indicator.*



SECONDARY CONTROL - SC PIN

Output Voltage Programming

The output voltage of the converter can be adjusted or programmed via fixed resistors, potentiometers or voltage DACs. See Figure 8.

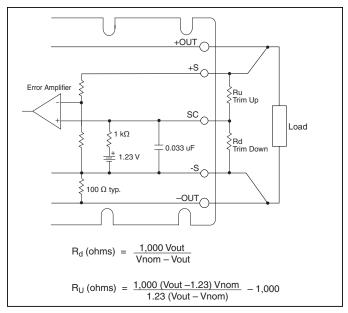


Figure 8 — Output voltage trim down and trim up circuit.

Trim Down

- 1. This converter is <u>not</u> a constant power device it has a constant current limit. Hence, available output power is reduced by the same percentage that output voltage is trimmed down. Do not exceed maximum rated output current.
- 2. The trim down resistor must be connected between the SC and -S pins. Do not bypass the SC pin directly with a capacitor.

Trim Up

- The converter is rated for a maximum delivered power. To
 ensure that maximum rated power is not exceeded, reduce
 maximum output current by the same percentage increase in
 output voltage.
- 2. The trim up resistor must be connected between the SC and +S pins. Do not bypass the SC pin directly with a capacitor.
- 3. Do not trim the converter above maximum trim range (typically +10%) or the output over voltage protection circuitry may be activated.

Trim resistor values calculated automatically:

On-line calculators for trim resistor values are available on the vicor website at:

asp.vicorpower.com/calculators/calculators.asp?calc=1
Resistor values can be calculated for fixed trim up, fixed trim down and for variable trim up or down.

PARALLEL BUS - PR PIN

Parallel Operation

The PR pin supports paralleling for increased power with N+1 (N+M) redundancy. Modules of the same input voltage, output voltage, and power level will current share if all PR pins are suitably interfaced.

Compatible interface architectures include the following:

AC coupled single-wire interface. All PR pins are connected to a single communication bus through 0.001 μ F (500 V) capacitors. This interface supports current sharing and is fault tolerant except for the communication bus. Up to three converters may be paralleled by this method. See Figure 9.

Transformer coupled interface. For paralleling four or more converters a transformer coupled interface is required. See Figure 10.

For details on parallel operation please refer to the

Design Guide & Applications Manual for Maxi, Mini, Micro Family.

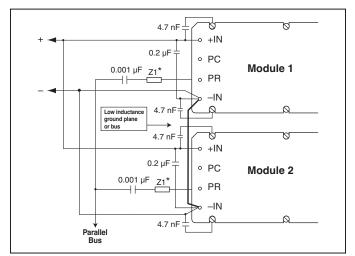


Figure 9 — *AC coupled single-wire interface.*

* See Maxi, Mini, Micro Design Guide.

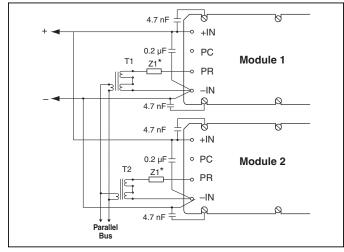
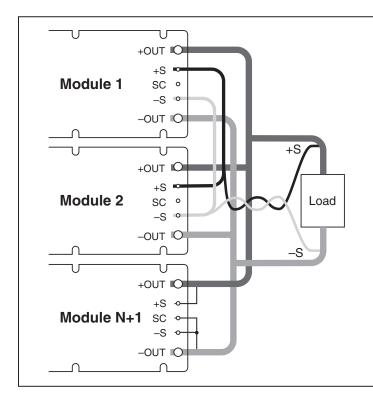


Figure 10 — Transformer-coupled interface.



PARALLEL BUS OUTPUT



- The +Out and -Out power buses should be designed to minimize and balance parasitic impedance from each module output to the load.
- The +Sense pins must be tied together to form a +Sense bus. This must be Kelvin connected to +Out at a single point. The -Sense pins should be tied together to form a -Sense bus. This must be Kelvin connected to -Out at a single point.
- At the discretion of the power system designer, a subset of all modules within an array may be configured as slaves by connecting SC to -S.
- OR'ing diodes may be inserted in series with the +Out pins of each module to provide module output fault tolerance.
- The +Sense and -Sense leads should be routed in close proximity to each other on the printed circuit board. If wires are used to connect the converters on a PCB to an external load, the Sense leads should be twisted together to reduce noise pickup.

Figure 11 — *N*+1 module array output connections.

■ PIN STYLES*

| Designator | Description | Finish | Notes |
|------------|----------------|----------|---|
| (None) | Short | Tin/Lead | Requires in-board, mounting |
| L | Long | Tin/Lead | On-board mounting for 0.065" boards |
| S | Short ModuMate | Gold | SurfMate or in-board socket mounting |
| N | Long ModuMate | Gold | On-board socket mounting |
| F | Short RoHS | Gold | Select for RoHS compliant in-board solder, socket, or SurfMate mounting |
| G | Long RoHS | Gold | Select for RoHS compliant on-board solder or socket mounting |

^{*} Pin style designator follows the "B" after the output power and precedes the baseplate designator. Ex. V48A12T500BN2 — Long ModuMate Pins



MECHANICAL DRAWINGS

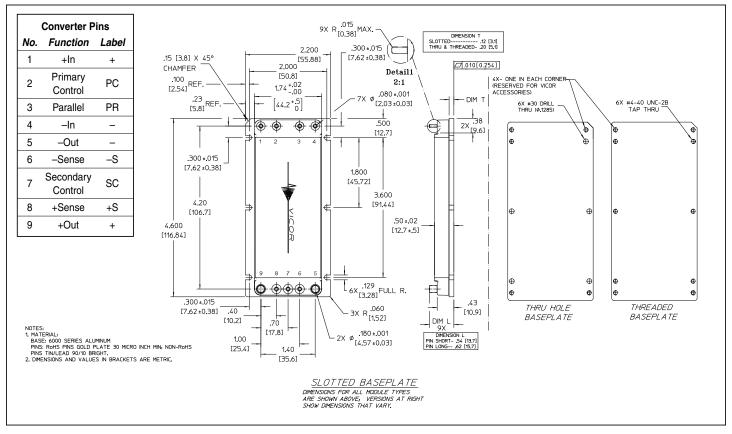


Figure 12 — Module outline

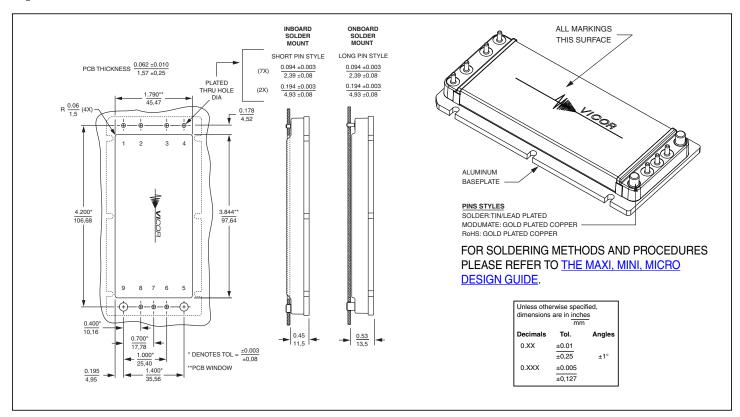


Figure 13 — PCB mounting specifications

Vicor's comprehensive line of power solutions includes high density AC-DC and DC-DC modules and accessory components, fully configurable AC-DC and DC-DC power supplies, and complete custom power systems.

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Product Warranty

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