



mm inch



RoHS compliant

Miniature SOP4-pin type with current limiting

FEATURES

1. Current limiting function To control an over current from flowing, the current limit function has been realized. It keeps an output current at a constant value when the current reaches a specified current limit value.

2. Enhances the capability of surge resistance between output terminals The current limit function controls the ON time surge current to enhance the capability of surge resistance between

output terminals.

3. Small SOP4-Pin package The device comes in a super-miniature SO package 4-Pin type measuring (W) 4.3×(L) 4.4×(H) 2.1 mm (W) .169×(L) .173×(H) .083 inch

4. Controls low-level analog signals 5. Low-level off state leakage current

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

GU SOP 1 Form A

Current Limiting (AQY210LS)

• Telephone equipment

Photo MOS[®]

- Modem
- Measuring equipment

TYPES

	Output rating*			Part No.			Packing quantity	
	Lood Loo	Lood	Lood Package		Tape and reel packing style			
	voltage	current	1 donage	Tube packing style	Picked from the 1/2-pin side	Picked from the 3/4-pin side	Tube	Tape and reel
AC/DC dual use	350V	120mA	SOP4-pin	AQY210LS	AQY210LSX	AQY210LSZ	1 tube contains: 100 pcs. 1 batch contains: 2,000 pcs.	1,000 pcs.

* Indicate the peak AC and DC values.

Note: For space reasons, only "210L" is marked on the product. The three initial letters of the part number "AQY", the surface mount terminal shape indicator "S" and the packing style indicator "X" or "Z" are not marked on the device.

RATING

1. Absolute maximum ratings (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

	0	·	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	Item	Symbol	AQY210LS	Remarks
	LED forward current	١۶	50 mA	
Input	LED reverse voltage	VR	5 V	
	Peak forward current	IFP	1 A	f = 100 Hz, Duty factor = 0.1%
	Power dissipation	Pin	75 mW	
Output	Load voltage (peak AC)	VL	350 V	
	Continuous load current	١L	0.12 A	Peak AC, DC
	Power dissipation	Pout	400 mW	
Total power dissipation		Ρτ	450 mW	
I/O isolation voltage		Viso	1,500 V AC	
Tempera	ature Operating	Topr	-40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F	Non-condensing at low temperatures
limits	Storage	Tstg	-40°C to +100°C -40°F to +212°F	

GU SOP 1 Form A Current Limiting (AQY210LS)

	Item		Symbol	AQY210LS	Condition	
Input		Typical		1.2 mA	I∟ = Max.	
	LED operate current	Maximum	IFon	3 mA		
		Minimum	Foff	0.4 mA	I∟ = Max.	
	LED turn on current	Typical		1.1 mA		
		Minimum	VF	1.25 (1.14 V at I⊧ = 5 mA)	I⊧ = 50 mA	
	LED dropout voltage	Typical		1.5 V		
	On registeres	Typical	Ron	20Ω	l⊧ = 5 mA	
	On resistance	Maximum		25Ω	Within 1 s on time	
Output	Off state leakage current	Maximum	Leak	1μΑ	I⊧ = 0 V∟ = Max.	
	Current limit	Typical	—	25Ω sak 1μA - 0.18 A 0.5 ms 0.2 ms	l⊧ = 5 mA	
	Turn on time*	Typical	- Ton	0.5 ms	I⊧ = 5 mA	
	turn on ume	Maximum		2.0 ms	I∟ = Max.	
Transfer characteristics	Turn off time*	Typical	- T _{off}	0.08 ms	I⊧ = 5 mA	
	ium on ume	Maximum		1.0 ms	I∟ = Max.	
	I/O consoitance	Typical	<u> </u>	0.8 pF	f = 1 MHz	
		Maximum	Ciso	1.5 pF	V _B = 0 V	
	Initial I/O isolation resistance	Minimum	Riso	1,000 MΩ	500 V DC	

2. Electrical characteristics (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

*Turn on/Turn off time



RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Please obey the following conditions to ensure proper device operation and resetting.

Item	Symbol	Recommended value	Unit
Input LED current	lF	5	mA

- For Dimensions.
- For Schematic and Wiring Diagrams.
- For Cautions for Use.

These products are not designed for automotive use. If you are considering to use these products for automotive applications, please contact your local Panasonic Corporation technical representative.

For more information.

REFERENCE DATA

1. Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics Allowable ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F 140 120 [₩]100 Load current, 80 60 40 20 0 40 -20 0 20 40 60 8085 100 Ambient temperature. °C

2. On resistance vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: Max. (DC) Continuous load current: Max.(DC)



3. Turn on time vs. ambient temperature characteristics

LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: Max.(DC); Continuous load current: Max.(DC)



Panasonic Corporation Automation Controls Business Unit industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/

ASCTB135E 201208-T

GU SOP 1 Form A Current Limiting (AQY210LS)

4. Turn off time vs. ambient temperature characteristics

LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: Max.(DC); Continuous load current: Max.(DC)



7. LED dropout voltage vs. ambient temperature characteristics LED current: 5 to 50 mA



10. Turn on time vs. LED forward current characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; Load voltage: Max.(DC); Continuous load current: Max.(DC); Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



What is current limit

When a load current reaches the specified output control current, a current limit function works against the load current to keep the current a constant value.

The current limit circuit built into the PhotoMOS thus controls the instantaneous load current to effectively ensure circuit safety.





8. Current vs. voltage characteristics of output at MOS portion

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



11. Turn off time vs. LED forward current characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; Load voltage: Max.(DC); Continuous load current: Max.(DC); Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



characteristics Load voltage: Max.(DC); Continuous load current: Max.(DC)

6. LED turn off current vs. ambient temperature



9. Off state leakage current vs. load voltage characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; Ambient temperature: $25^{\circ}C$ $77^{\circ}F$



12. Output capacitance vs. applied voltage characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; Frequency: 1 MHz; Ambient temperature: $25^{\circ}C$ 77°F



This safety feature protects circuits downstream of the PhotoMOS against over-current.

But, if the current-limiting feature is used longer than the specified time, the PhotoMOS can be destroyed. Therefore, set the output loss to the max. rate or less. Comparison of output voltage and output current characteristics V-I Characteristics

