



The Delphi Series E36SC120, Eighth Brick, 18V~75Vin input, single output, isolated DC/DC converters, are the latest offering from a world leader in power systems technology and manufacturing — Delta Electronics, Inc. This product family provides up to 108 watts of power or 9A of output current. With creative design technology and optimization of component placement, these converters possess outstanding electrical and thermal performance, as well as extremely high reliability under highly stressful operating conditions. Typical efficiency of the 12V/9A module is greater than 92%.

#### **FEATURES**

- High efficiency: 92% @ 12V/9A
- Size:

58.4x22.8x11.0mm (2.30"x0.90"x0.43") w/o heat-spreader 58.4x22.8x12.7mm (2.30"x0.90"x0.50") with heat-spreader

- Industry standard footprint and pinout
- Fixed frequency operation
- Input UVLO
- OTP and OVP
- Output OCP hiccup mode
- Output voltage trim down : -10%
- Output voltage trim up: +10% at Vin>20V
- Monotonic startup into normal and pre-biased loads
- 1500V isolation and basic insulation
- No minimum load required
- No negative current during power or enable on/off
- ISO 9001, TL 9000, ISO 14001, QS 9000,
- OHSAS18001 certified manufacturing facility
- UL/cUL 60950-1 (US & Canada) recognized

#### **OPTIONS**

- Positive and negative remote On/Off
- SMD and through-hole versions
- Through hole with heat spreader

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Optical Transport
- Data Networking
- Communications
- Servers



# **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

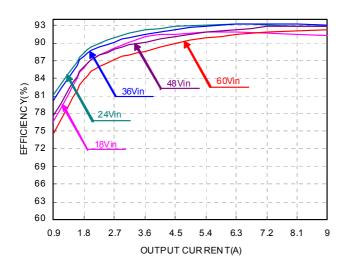
(T<sub>A</sub>=25°C, airflow rate=300 LFM, V<sub>in</sub>=48Vdc, nominal Vout unless otherwise noted.)

| PARAMETER   | NOTES and CONDITIONS   | E36SC12009(Standard) |                 |             |          |
|---|--|----------------------|-----------------|-------------|----------|
|   |  | Min. Typ. Max. Unit  |                 |             |          |
| ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS Input Voltage  |  |                      |                 |             | Vdc      |
| Continuous  |  | 0                    |                 | 80          | Vdc      |
| Transient (100ms)   | 100ms  |                      |                 | 100         | Vdc      |
| Operating Ambient Temperature   |  | -40                  |                 | 85          | °C<br>℃  |
| Storage Temperature Input/Output Isolation Voltage                                      |  | -55                  |                 | 125<br>1500 | Vdc      |
| NPUT CHARACTERISTICS  |  |                      |                 |             | 140      |
| Operating Input Voltage   |  | 18                   | 48              | 75          | Vdc      |
| Input Under-Voltage Lockout Turn-On Voltage Threshold                                   |  | 16.5                 | 17.2            | 17.9        | Vdc      |
| Turn-Off Voltage Threshold  |  | 15.5                 | 16.2            | 16.9        | Vdc      |
| Lockout Hysteresis Voltage  |  | 0.3                  | 1.0             | 1.8         | Vdc      |
| Maximum Input Current No-Load Input Current   | 100% Load, 18Vin<br>Vin=48V, lo=0A   |                      | 60              | 7.7         | A<br>mA  |
| Off Converter Input Current   | Vin=48V<br>Vin=48V   |                      | 12              |             | mA       |
| Inrush Current (I2t)  |  |                      |                 | 1           | A2s      |
| Input Reflected-Ripple Current  | P-P thru 12µH inductor, 5Hz to 20MHz   |                      | 20              |             | mA       |
| Input Voltage Ripple Rejection OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS                                   | 120 Hz   |                      | 50              |             | dB       |
| Output Voltage Set Point  | Vin=48V, Io=Io.max, Tc=25°C  | 11.82                | 12              | 12.18       | Vdc      |
| Output Voltage Regulation   |  |                      |                 |             |          |
| Over Load Over Line   | lo=lo, min to lo, max<br>Vin=18V to 75V  |                      | ±5<br>±5        | ±15<br>±15  | mV<br>mV |
| Over Temperature  | Tc=-40°C to 85°C   |                      | ±120            | ±15         | mV       |
| Total Output Voltage Range  | Over sample load, line and temperature   | 11.64                | 12              | 12.36       | V        |
| Output Voltage Ripple and Noise   | 5Hz to 20MHz bandwidth   |                      |                 |             |          |
| Peak-to-Peak<br>RMS   | Vin=48V, Full Load, 1µF ceramic, 10µF tantalum Vin=48V, Full Load, 1µF ceramic, 10µF tantalum            |                      | 80<br><b>20</b> |             | mV<br>mV |
| Operating Output Current Range  | Vin=18V to75V  | 0                    | 20              | 9           | A        |
| Operating Output Current Range  |  |                      |                 |             |          |
| Output Over Current Protection(hiccup mode) DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS                     | Output Voltage 10% Low   | 110                  |                 | 140         | %        |
| Output Voltage Current Transient  | 48Vin, 10μF Tan & 1μF Ceramic load cap, 0.1A/μs  |                      |                 |             |          |
| Positive Step Change in Output Current  | 75% lo.max to 50% lo.max   |                      | 400             |             | mV       |
| Negative Step Change in Output Current  | 50% lo.max to 75% lo.max   |                      | 400             |             | mV       |
| Settling Time (within 1% Vout nominal)  Turn-On Transient                               |  |                      | 200             |             | μs       |
| Start-Up Time, From On/Off Control  |  |                      | 55              |             | mS       |
| Start-Up Time, From Input   |  |                      | 55              | 2222        | mS       |
| Output Capacitance (note1) EFFICIENCY   | Full load; 5% overshoot of Vout at startup   | 0                    |                 | 2000        | μF       |
| 100% Load   | Vin=24V  |                      | 92.5            |             | %        |
| 100% Load   | Vin=48V  |                      | 92              |             | %        |
| 60% Load ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS  | Vin=48V  |                      | 91.5            |             | %        |
| Input to Output   |  |                      |                 | 1500        | Vdc      |
| Isolation Resistance  |  | 10                   |                 |             | МΩ       |
| Isolation Capacitance   |  |                      | 1000            |             | pF       |
| FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS Switching Frequency   |  |                      | 350             |             | KHz      |
| ON/OFF Control, Negative Remote On/Off logic  |  |                      | 000             |             | 1412     |
| Logic Low (Module On)   | Von/off  |                      |                 | 0.8         | V        |
| Logic High (Module Off) ON/OFF Control, Positive Remote On/Off logic                    | Von/off  | 3.0                  |                 | 5           | V        |
| Logic Low (Module Off)  | Von/off  |                      |                 | 0.8         | V        |
| Logic High (Module On)  | Von/off  | 3.0                  |                 | 5           | V        |
| ON/OFF Current (for both remote on/off logic)   | lon/off at Von/off=0.0V  |                      |                 |             | mA       |
| Leakage Current (for both remote on/off logic)  | Logic High, Von/off=5V  Pout max rated power,lo lo.max   | 10                   |                 | 10          | %        |
| Output Voltage Trim Range(note 2)  Output Voltage Remote Sense Range                    | Pout max rated power,lo lo.max  Pout max rated power,lo lo.max   | -10                  |                 | 10<br>10    | %        |
| Output Over-Voltage Protection  | Over full temp range; % of nominal Vout  | 115                  |                 | 140         | %        |
| GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS  |  |                      |                 |             |          |
| MTBF  | lo=80% of lo, max; Ta=25°C, airflow rate=300FLM  |                      | 4.5             |             | M hou    |
| Weight  | With heat spreader   |                      | 24.6            |             | grams    |
| Weight  | With heat spreader  Refer to Figure 19 for Hot spot 1 location   |                      | 33.2            |             | grams    |
| Over-Temperature Shutdown (Without heat spreader)                                       | (48Vin,80% lo, 200LFM,Airflow from Vin+ to Vin-) Refer to Figure 22 for Hot spot 2 location              |                      | 130             |             | °C       |
| Over-Temperature Shutdown (With heat spreader) Over-Temperature Shutdown (NTC resistor) | (48Vin,80% lo, 200LFM,Airflow from Vin+ to Vin-)   |                      | 120             |             | °C       |
| Over-Temperature Shutdown (NTC resistor)  | Refer to Figure 19 for NTC resistor location function, the hot spots' temperature is just for reference. |                      | 125             |             | °C       |

Note1: For applications with higher output capacitive load, please contact Delta.

Note2: Trim down range -10% for 18Vin ~75Vin, Trim up range +10% for 20Vin ~ 75Vin.

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES**



11 10 POWER DISSIPATION(W) 8 7 6 5 3 36Vin 48Vin 0.9 1.8 2.7 3.6 4.5 5.4 6.3 7.2 OUTPUT CURRENT(A)

**Figure 1:** Efficiency vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Figure 2: Power dissipation vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.

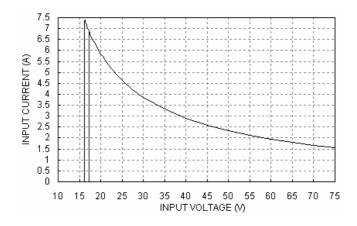


Figure 3: Typical full load input characteristics at room temperature

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES**

### For Negative Remote On/Off Logic

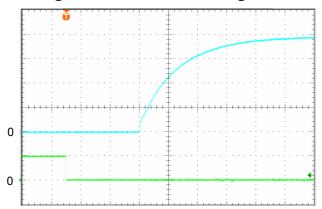


Figure 4: Turn-on transient at full rated load current (resistive load) (10 ms/div). Vin=48V. Top Trace: Vout, 3.0V/div; Bottom Trace: ON/OFF input, 5V/div

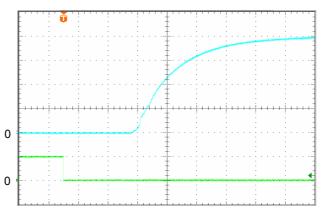


Figure 5: Turn-on transient at zero load current (10 ms/div). Vin=48V. Top Trace: Vout: 3.0V/div, Bottom Trace: ON/OFF input, 5V/div

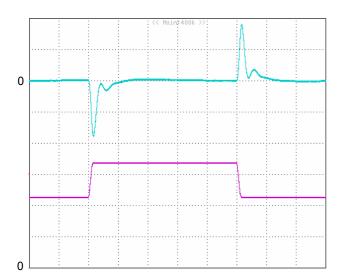


Figure 6: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50%-75%-50% of lo, max; di/dt = 0.1A/μs; Vin is 24V). Load cap: 10μF tantalum capacitor and 1μF ceramic capacitor. Top Trace: Vout (0.2V/div, 200us/div), Bottom Trace:lout (2A/div). Scope measurement should be made using a BNC cable (length shorter than 20 inches). Position the load between 51 mm to 76 mm (2 inches to 3 inches) from the module

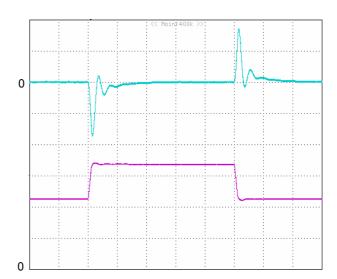
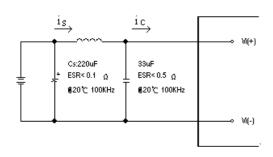


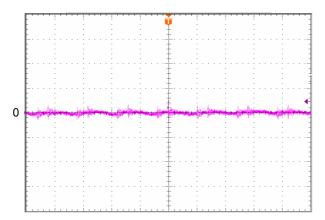
Figure 7: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50%-75%-50% of lo, max; di/dt = 0.1A/μs; Vin is 48V). Load cap: 10μF tantalum capacitor and 1μF ceramic capacitor. Top Trace: Vout (0.2V/div, 200us/div), Bottom Trace: lout (2A/div). Scope measurement should be made using a BNC cable (length shorter than 20 inches). Position the load between 51 mm to 76 mm (2 inches to 3 inches) from the module

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES**



**Figure 8:** Test set-up diagram showing measurement points for Input Terminal Ripple Current and Input Reflected Ripple Current.

Note: Measured input reflected-ripple current with a simulated source Inductance ( $L_{TEST}$ ) of 12  $\mu$ H. Capacitor Cs offset possible battery impedance. Measure current as shown above



**Figure 10:** Input reflected ripple current, i<sub>s</sub>, through a 12μH source inductor at nominal input voltage (Vin=48V) and rated load current (5mA/div, 2us/div)

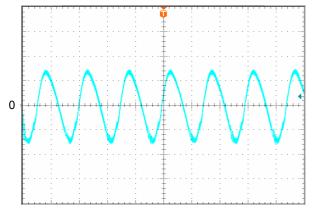


Figure 12: Output voltage ripple at nominal input voltage (Vin=48V) and rated load current (Io=9A) (20mV/div, 2us/div). Load capacitance: 1μF ceramic capacitor and 10μF tantalum capacitor. Bandwidth: 20 MHz. Scope measurements should be made using a BNC cable (length shorter than 20 inches). Position the load between 51 mm to 76 mm (2 inches to 3 inches) from the module

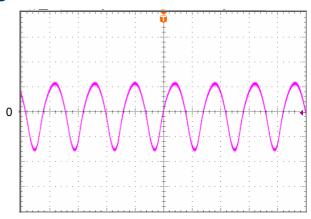


Figure 9: Input Terminal Ripple Current, ic, at full rated output current and nominal input voltage (Vin=48V) with 12µH source impedance and 33µF electrolytic capacitor (250mA/div, 2us/div)

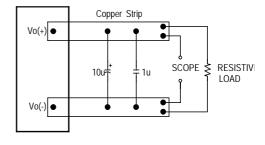


Figure 11: Output voltage noise and ripple measurement test setup

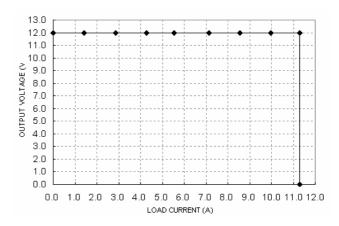


Figure 13: Output voltage vs. load current showing typical current limit curves and converter shutdown points (Vin=48V)

#### **DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS**

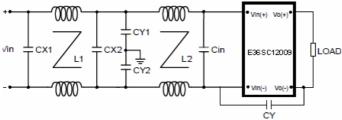
#### **Input Source Impedance**

The impedance of the input source connecting to the DC/DC power modules will interact with the modules and affect the stability. A low ac-impedance input source is recommended. If the source inductance is more than a few  $\mu H,$  we advise adding a 100  $\mu F$  electrolytic capacitor (ESR < 0.7  $\Omega$  at 100 kHz) mounted close to the input of the module to improve the stability.

#### **Layout and EMC Considerations**

Delta's DC/DC power modules are designed to operate in a wide variety of systems and applications. For design assistance with EMC compliance and related PWB layout issues, please contact Delta's technical support team. An external input filter module is available for easier EMC compliance design. Below is the reference design for an input filter tested with E36SC12009 series to meet class B in CISSPR 22.

#### **Schematic and Components List:**



Cin is 100uF low ESR Aluminum cap:

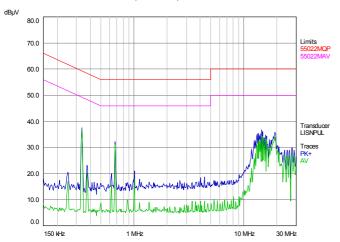
CY is 1nF ceramic cap:

CX1,CX2 are 2.2uF ceramic cap:

CY1,CY2 are 3.3nF ceramic cap:

L1,L2 are common-mode inductor ,L1=L2=0.63mH:

#### Test Result: Vin=48V, Io=9A,



Blue Line is quasi peak mode; green line is average mode.

#### **Safety Considerations**

The power module must be installed in compliance with the spacing and separation requirements of the end-user's safety agency standard, i.e., UL60950-1, CSA C22.2 NO. 60950-1 2nd and IEC 60950-1 2nd : 2005 and EN 60950-1 2nd: 2006+A11+A1: 2010, if the system in which the power module is to be used must meet safety agency requirements.

Basic insulation based on 75 Vdc input is provided between the input and output of the module for the purpose of applying insulation requirements when the input to this DC-to-DC converter is identified as TNV-2 or SELV. An additional evaluation is needed if the source is other than TNV-2 or SELV.

When the input source is SELV circuit, the power module meets SELV (safety extra-low voltage) requirements. If the input source is a hazardous voltage which is greater than 60 Vdc and less than or equal to 75 Vdc, for the module's output to meet SELV requirements, all of the following must be met:

- The input source must be insulated from the ac mains by reinforced or double insulation.
- The input terminals of the module are not operator accessible.
- A SELV reliability test is conducted on the system where the module is used, in combination with the module, to ensure that under a single fault, hazardous voltage does not appear at the module's output.

When installed into a Class II equipment (without grounding), spacing consideration should be given to the end-use installation, as the spacing between the module and mounting surface have not been evaluated.

The power module has extra-low voltage (ELV) outputs when all inputs are ELV.

This power module is not internally fused. To achieve optimum safety and system protection, an input line fuse is highly recommended. The safety agencies require a Fast-acting fuse with 20A maximum rating to be installed in the ungrounded lead. A lower rated fuse can be used based on the maximum inrush transient energy and maximum input current.

#### **Soldering and Cleaning Considerations**

Post solder cleaning is usually the final board assembly process before the board or system undergoes electrical testing. Inadequate cleaning and/or drying may lower the reliability of a power module and severely affect the finished circuit board assembly test. Adequate cleaning and/or drying is especially important for un-encapsulated and/or open frame type power modules. For assistance on appropriate soldering and cleaning procedures, please contact Delta's technical support team.

#### Remote On/Off

The remote on/off feature on the module can be either negative or positive logic. Negative logic turns the module on during a logic low and off during a logic high. Positive logic turns the modules on during a logic high and off during a logic low.

Remote on/off can be controlled by an external switch between the on/off terminal and the Vi(-) terminal. The switch can be an open collector or open drain.

For negative logic if the remote on/off feature is not used, please short the on/off pin to Vi(-). For positive logic if the remote on/off feature is not used, please leave the on/off pin floating.

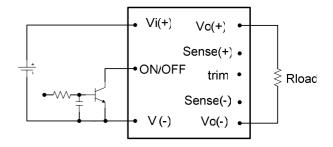


Figure 14: Remote on/off implementation

#### **Remote Sense**

Remote sense compensates for voltage drops on the output by sensing the actual output voltage at the point of load. The voltage between the remote sense pins and the output terminals must not exceed the output voltage sense range given here:

$$[Vo(+) - Vo(-)] - [SENSE(+) - SENSE(-)] \le 10\% \times Vout$$

This limit includes any increase in voltage due to remote sense compensation and output voltage set point adjustment (trim).

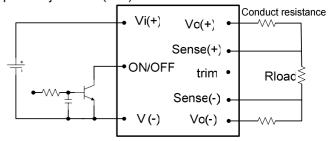


Figure 15: Effective circuit configuration for remote sense operation

# FEATURES DESCRIPTIONS (CON.)

If the remote sense feature is not used to regulate the output at the point of load, please connect SENSE(+) to Vo(+) and SENSE(-) to Vo(-) at the module.

The output voltage can be increased by both the remote sense and the trim; however, the maximum increase is the larger of either the remote sense or the trim, not the sum of both.

When using remote sense and trim, the output voltage of the module is usually increased, which increases the power output of the module with the same output current.

Care should be taken to ensure that the maximum output power does not exceed the maximum rated power.

#### **Output Voltage Adjustment (TRIM)**

To increase or decrease the output voltage set point, connect an external resistor between the TRIM pin and either the SENSE(+) or SENSE(-). The TRIM pin should be left open if this feature is not used.

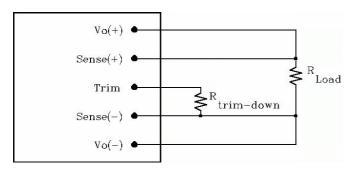


Figure 16: Circuit configuration for trim-down (decrease output voltage)

If the external resistor is connected between the TRIM and SENSE (-) pins, the output voltage set point decreases (Fig. 18). The external resistor value required to obtain a percentage of output voltage change % is defined as:

$$Rtrim - down = \left\lceil \frac{511}{\Delta} - 10.2 \right\rceil (K\Omega)$$

Ex. When Trim-down -10% (12V×0.9=10.8V)

$$Rtrim - down = \left[\frac{511}{10} - 10.2\right] (K\Omega) = 40.9 (K\Omega)$$

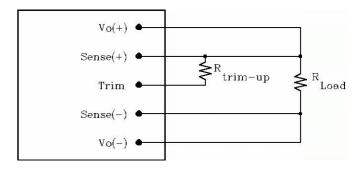


Figure 17: Circuit configuration for trim-up (increase output voltage)

If the external resistor is connected between the TRIM and SENSE (+) the output voltage set point increases (Fig. 19). The external resistor value required to obtain a percentage output voltage change % is defined as:

Rtrim - up = 
$$\frac{5.11 \text{Vo} (100 + \Delta)}{1.225 \Delta} - \frac{511}{\Delta} - 10.2 (K\Omega)$$

Ex. When Trim-up +10% (12V×1.1=13.2V)

$$Rtrim - up = \frac{5.11 \times 12 \times (100 + 10)}{1.225 \times 10} - \frac{511}{10} - 10.2 = 489 (K\Omega)$$

The output voltage can be increased by both the remote sense and the trim, however the maximum increase is the larger of either the remote sense or the trim, not the sum of both.

When using remote sense and trim, the output voltage of the module is usually increased, which increases the power output of the module with the same output current.

Care should be taken to ensure that the maximum output power of the module remains at or below the maximum rated power.

## THERMAL CONSIDERATIONS

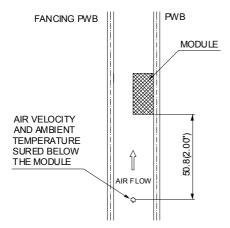
Thermal management is an important part of the system design. To ensure proper, reliable operation, sufficient cooling of the power module is needed over the entire temperature range of the module. Convection cooling is usually the dominant mode of heat transfer.

Hence, the choice of equipment to characterize the thermal performance of the power module is a wind tunnel.

#### **Thermal Testing Setup**

Delta's DC/DC power modules are characterized in heated vertical wind tunnels that simulate the thermal environments encountered in most electronics equipment. This type of equipment commonly uses vertically mounted circuit cards in cabinet racks in which the power modules are mounted.

The following figure shows the wind tunnel characterization setup. The power module is mounted on a test PWB and is vertically positioned within the wind tunnel. The space between the neighboring PWB and the top of the power module is constantly kept at 6.35mm (0.25").



Note: Wind Tunnel Test Setup Figure Dimensions are in millimeters and (Inches)

Figure 18: Wind tunnel test setup

#### **Thermal Derating**

Heat can be removed by increasing airflow over the module. To enhance system reliability, the power module should always be operated below the maximum operating temperature. If the temperature exceeds the maximum module temperature, reliability of the unit may be affected.

# THERMAL CURVES (WITHOUT HEAT SPREADER)

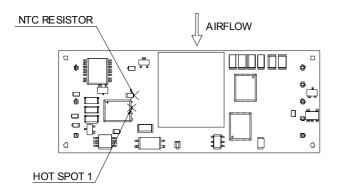
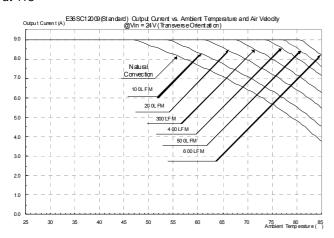


Figure 19: \* Hot spot 1& NTC resistor temperature measured points. The allowed maximum hot spot 1 temperature is defined at 115



**Figure 20:** Output current vs. ambient temperature and air velocity @Vin=24V(Transverse Orientation, airflow from Vin+to Vin-, without heat spreader)

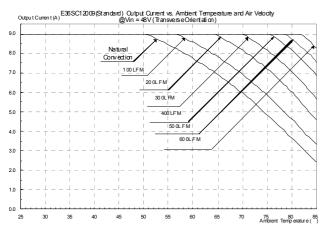


Figure 21: Output current vs. ambient temperature and air velocity @Vin=48V(Transverse Orientation, airflow from Vin+

# THERMAL CURVES (WITH HEAT SPREADER)

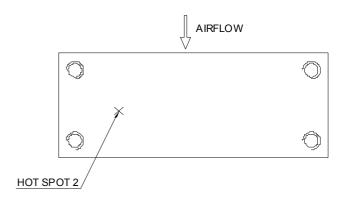
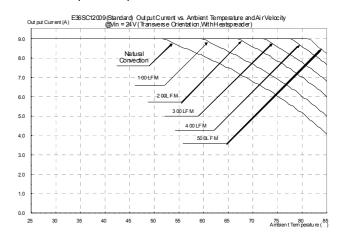


Figure 22: \* Hot spot 2 temperature measured point. The allowed maximum hot spot 2 temperature is defined at 105



**Figure 23:** Output current vs. ambient temperature and air velocity @Vin=24V(Transverse Orientation, Airflow from Vin+to Vin-, with heat spreader)

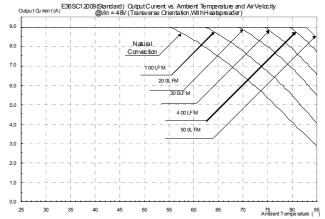


Figure 24: Output current vs. ambient temperature and air velocity @Vin=48V(Transverse Orientation, airflow from Vin+to Vin-, with heat spreader)

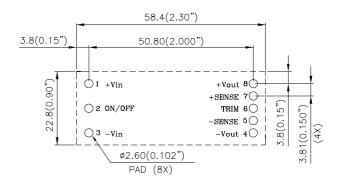
#### PICK AND PLACE LOCATION

# 58.4(2.30") 28.80(1.134") 28.80(1.134") 97.0 (0.28") MIN. AREA PICK AND PLACE LOCATION

NOTES:

DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS AND (INCHES)
TOLERANCES: X.Xmm±0.5mm(X.XX in.±0.02 in.)
X.XXmm±0.25mm(X.XXX in.±0.010 in.)

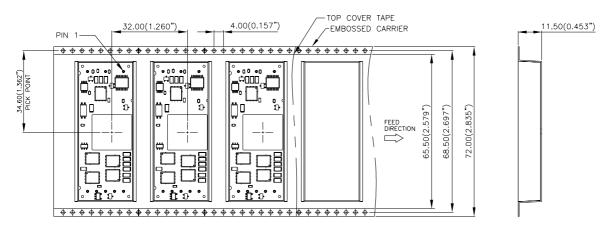
# **RECOMMENDED PAD LAYOUT (SMD)**



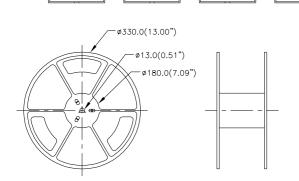
#### RECOMENDED P.W.B. PAD LAYOUT

NOTES: DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS AND (INCHES) TOLERANCES: X.Xmm $\pm$ 0.5mm(X.XX in. $\pm$ 0.02 in.) X.XXmm $\pm$ 0.25mm(X.XXX in. $\pm$ 0.010 in.)

## **SURFACE-MOUNT TAPE & REEL**



-EMBOSSED CARRIER

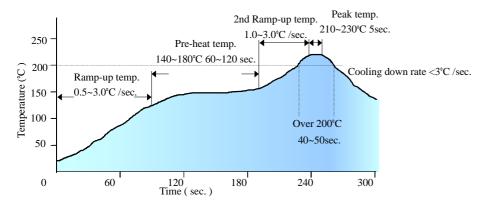


TOP COVER TAPE-

NOTES: CONFORMS TO EIA-481 SATNDARD MODULES ARE SHIPPED IN QUANTITIES OF 100 PER REEL.

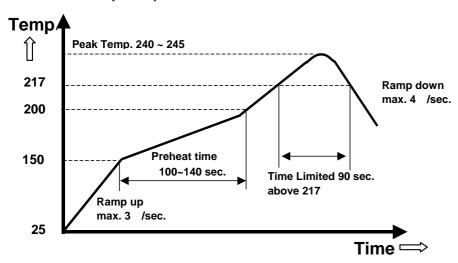
ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS AND (INCHES) TOLERANCES: X.Xmm±0.5mm(X.XX in.±0.02 in.) X.XXmm±0.25mm(X.XXX in.±0.010 in.)

# LEADED (SN/PB) PROCESS RECOMMEND TEMP. PROFILE(FOR SMD MODELS)



Note: The temperature refers to the pin of E36SC, measured on the +Vout pin joint.

# LEAD FREE (SAC) PROCESS RECOMMEND TEMP. PROFILE(FOR SMD MODELS)

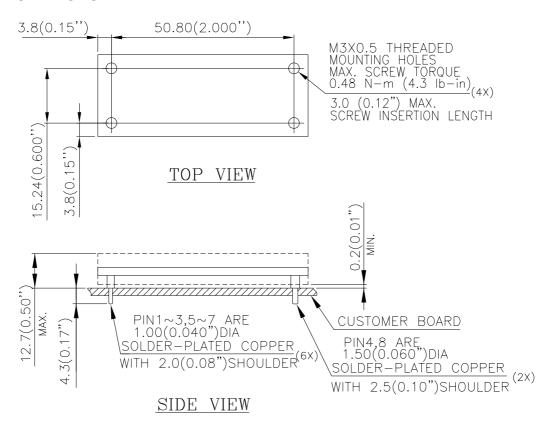


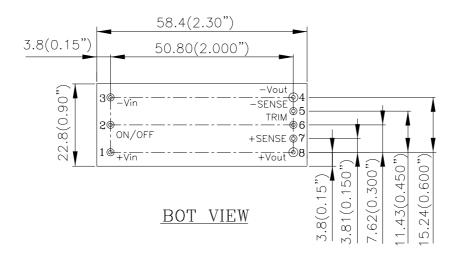
Note: The temperature refers to the pin of E36SC12009, measured on the +Vout pin joint.

# **MECHANICAL DRAWING (WITH HEAT-SPREADER)**

\* For modules with through-hole pins and the optional heatspreader, they are intended for wave soldering assembly onto system boards; please do not subject such modules through reflow temperature profile.

#### THROUGH-HOLE MODULE

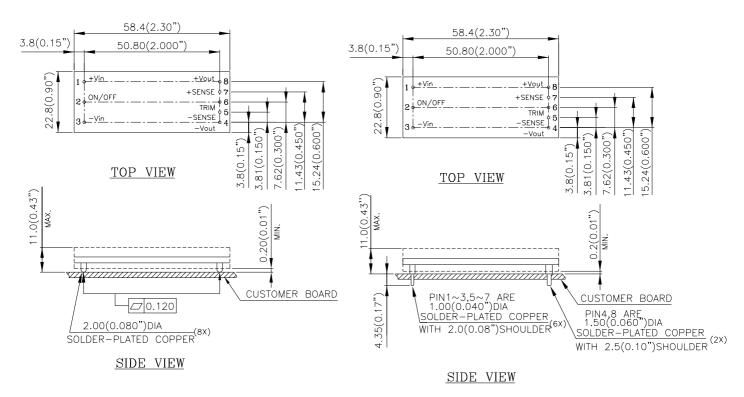




NOTES:

DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS AND (INCHES)
TOLERANCES: X.Xmm±0.5mm(X.XX in.±0.02 in.)
X.XXmm±0.25mm(X.XXX in.±0.010 in.)

# MECHANICAL DRAWING (WITHOUT HEAT-SPREADER) SURFACE-MOUNT MODULE THROUGH-HOLE MODULE

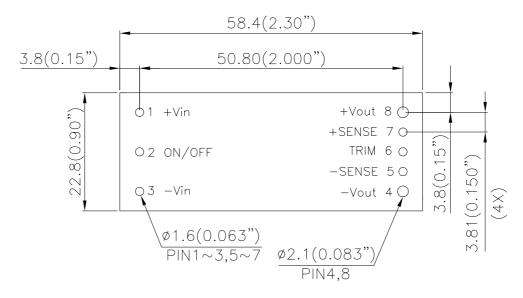


NOTES:

| <u>Pin No.</u> | <u>Name</u> | <u>Function</u>         |  |  |
|----------------|-------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| 1              | +Vin        | Positive input voltage  |  |  |
| 2              | ON/OFF      | Remote ON/OFF           |  |  |
| 3              | -Vin        | Negative input voltage  |  |  |
| 4              | -Vout       | Negative output voltage |  |  |
| 5              | -SENSE      | Negative remote sense   |  |  |
| 6              | TRIM        | Output voltage trim     |  |  |
| 7              | +SENSE      | Positive remote sense   |  |  |
| 8              | +Vout       | Positive output voltage |  |  |

Note: All pins are copper alloy with matte tin(Pb free) plated over Ni under-plating.

# **RECOMMENDED PAD LAYOUT (THROUGH-HOLE MODULE)**



RECOMENDED P.W.B. PAD LAYOUT

NOTES:

DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS AND (INCHES)
TOLERANCES: X.Xmm±0.5mm(X.XX in.±0.02 in.)
X.XXmm±0.25mm(X.XXX in.±0.010 in.)

#### PART NUMBERING SYSTEM

| E                  | 36               | S                    | С                  | 120               | 09                | N                          | R                  | F            | Α   |
|--------------------|------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|--------------|---|
| Type of<br>Product | Input<br>Voltage | Number of<br>Outputs | Product<br>Series  | Output<br>Voltage | Output<br>Current | ON/OFF<br>Logic            | Pin<br>Length/Type |              | Option Code                                       |
| E - 1/8 Brick      | 36 -<br>18V~75V  | S - Single           | C-Serial<br>number | 120 – 12V         | 09 - 9A           | N- Negative<br>P- Positive | N - 0 146"         | F - RoHS 6/6 | A - Standard<br>Functions<br>H-with heat spreader |

#### **MODEL LIST**

| MODEL NAME     | INPUT   |      | OUTPUT |    | EFF @ 100% LOAD |  |
|----------------|---------|------|--------|----|-----------------|--|
| E36SC12009NRFA | 18V~75V | 7.7A | 12V    | 9A | 92.0% @ 48Vin   |  |
| E36SC12009NRFH | 18V~75V | 7.7A | 12V    | 9A | 92.0% @ 48Vin   |  |

Default remote on/off logic is negative and pin length is 0.170"

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<sup>\*</sup> For modules with through-hole pins and the optional heatspreader, they are intended for wave soldering assembly onto system boards; please do not subject such modules through reflow temperature profile.