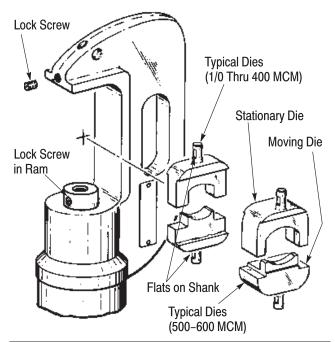
AMPOWER* Disconnect Terminal Crimping Dies

Instruction Sheet **408–2292–3**

24 MAR 08 Rev A



AMPOWER DISCONNECT TERMINAL CRIMPING DIES			
USED IN CRIMPING HEAD 69082 or 1752786-1	USED IN CRIMPING HEAD 69099 or 1752868-1		
46753-3 68204-1 68206-1 68332-1	68200-1 68201-1 68203-1		

Figure 1

1. INTRODUCTION

This instruction sheet provides information on product application and a maintenance and inspection procedure for AMPOWER Disconnect Terminal Crimping Dies listed in the table in Figure 1.

These crimping dies are used to crimp AMPOWER Quick Disconnect Terminals on wire sizes No. 1/0 through 600 MCM.

Basic instructions on the use of the dies, wire preparation, etc., are provided in Section 2, INSTRUCTIONS. Section 3 features a terminal "Crimp Inspection" procedure, and Section 4 contains "Maintenance and Inspection Procedures" which will enable you to maintain a die certification program.

The dies are coated with preservative to prevent rust and corrosion. Wipe this preservative from the dies, particularly from the crimping areas.

Fur further instructions relative to the hydraulic power unit and hydraulic crimping heads, refer to the instructions packaged with these tools.



All dimensions on this document are in metric units [with U.S. customary units in brackets]. Figures and illustrations are for identification only and are not drawn to scale.

Reason for revision is provided in Section 5, REVISION SUMMARY.

2. CRIMPING PROCEDURES



Crimping Head No. 69082 is illustrated throughout this document, however, crimping instructions are the same for 69082, 69099, 1752786–1, or 1752868–1 crimping heads.

2.1. Die Insertion



Avoid personal injury, when using power unit, exercise caution to avoid accidentally depressing the foot pedals or trigger control when changing dies

- 1. Select the correct dies for wire size being used. See Figure 2.
- 2. Loosen the lock screw in the top section of the crimping head. See Figure 1.
- 3. Insert the shank of the stationary die into the top section of the crimping head and tighten the lock screw. See Figure 1.



Ensure the dies are inserted "fully" and "flats" on the shanks are facing the lock screws.

- 4. Activate the power unit, advance the ram until the lock screw is visible
- 5. Loosen the lock screw and insert the shank of the moving die into the ram. Tighten the lock screw. See Figure 1.
- 6. Active the power unit to complete the cycle and allow the ram to return to the "Down" position.



Observe that the shanks are offset on the 500 and 600 MCM moving and stationary dies. Ensure that the shank of each die is offset to the same side in order to maintain the proper mating of dies.

2.2. Die Removal

- 1. Loosen the lock screw in the top section of the crimping head and remove the stationary die.
- 2. Advance the ram until the lock screw is visible. Loosen the lock screw and remove the dies.

TOOLING ASSISTANCE CENTER 1-800-722-1111

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WIRE	DIE SET	CRIMPING HEAD NUMBER	WIRE STRIP LENGTH		
SIZE	NUMBER		MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	
1/0	68200-1	69099	23.82 [.938]	25.4 [1.000]	
2/0	68201-1	69099	23.82 [.938]	25.4 [1.000]	
250 MCM	68203-1	69099	39.67 [1.562]	41.28 [1.625]	
350 MCM	68204-1	68082	39.67 [1.562]	41.28 [1.625]	
400 MCM (2 CRIMPS)	68332-1	68082	44.45 [1.750]	46.02 [1.812]	
500 MCM (2 CRIMPS)	68206-1	68082	44.45 [1.750]	46.02 [1.812]	
600 MCM (2 CRIMPS)	46757-3	68082	50.8 [2.000]	52.37 [2.062]	

Figure 2

2.3. Wire Stripping and Crimping Procedures



Avoid personal injury. When operating power unit, exercise caution while holding terminals or wire near crimping area.

A. Wire Stripping Procedure

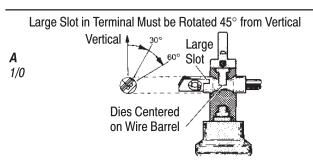
- 1. Select the proper size terminals and die set for the wire size being used. See Figure 2.
- 2. Strip the wire to the dimensions indicated in Figure 2.



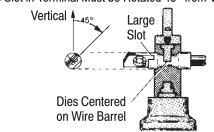
Do NOT nick or cut conductor strands.

B. Crimping Procedures (Single Crimp) 1/0 Through 350 MCM Terminals (Figure 3)

- 1. Ensure the wire size stamped on the terminal corresponds with the wire size stamped on the dies.
- 2. Orient the 1/0 terminal with the dies so the large slot in the terminal is rotated 30° to 60° from the vertical as shown in Figure 3A. Orient the 250 MCM and 350 MCM terminals with the dies so that the large slot in the terminals is rotated 45° from the vertical as shown in Figure 3A.
- 3. Position the terminals so the dies are centered on the wire barrels of the terminals as shown in Figure 3A.
- 4. Activate the power unit so the moving die advances and holds the terminal in place. Do NOT deform the terminal.
- 5. Insert a stripped wire all the way into the terminal wire barrel. Activate the power unit to complete the crimp.
- 6. Refer to Section 3 and Figure 5 for crimp inspection.



Large Slot in Terminal Must be Rotated 45° from Vertical



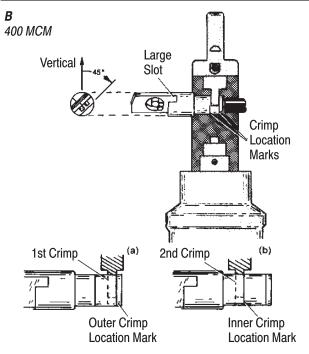


Figure 3

C. Crimping Procedures (Dual Crimp) 400 MCM Terminals (Figure 3)

- 1. Ensure the wire size stamped on the terminal corresponds with the wire size stamped on the dies.
- 2. Orient all terminals with the dies so the large slot in the terminal is rotated 45° from the vertical as shown in Figure 3B.
- 3. First Crimp Position the terminal so the edge of the stationary die is aligned with the outer crimp location mark as shown in Figure 3B(a).
- 4. Activate the power unit so the moving die advances and holds the terminal in place. Do NOT deform the terminals.
- 5. Insert a stripped wire all the way into the terminal wire barrel.



Do NOT allow the wire insulation to enter the barrel of the terminal.

- 6. Activate the power unit to complete the first crimp.
- 7. Second Crimp Position the terminal so the edge of the stationary die is aligned with the inner crimp location mark as shown in Figure 3B(b).
- 8. Activate the power unit to complete the second crimp.
- 9. Refer to Section 3 and Figure 5 fro crimp inspection.

D. Crimping Procedures (Dual Crimp) 500 and 600 MCM Terminals (Figure 4)

- 1. Ensure the wire size stamped on the terminal corresponds with the wire size stamped on the dies.
- 2. Orient the terminal with the dies so the large slot in the terminal is rotated 45° from the vertical as shown in Figure 4A.
- 3. First Crimp Position the terminal so the dies are centered between the crimp marks on the wire barrel of the terminal as shown in Figure 4B(a).
- 4. Activate the power unit so the moving die advances and holds the terminal in place. Do NOT deform the terminal barrel.
- 5. Insert a stripped wire all the way into the terminal barrel.

Large Slot in Terminal Must Be Rotated 45° From Vertical A 500-600 MCM Vertical Large Slot **6** Crimp Location Marks Crimping Head В Turned Around (a) To make 1st crimp, center (b) To make 2nd crimp, either: crimp area of dies between Turn terminal around, turn crimping crimp marks of terminal head around, or turn die set around

Marks — Figure 4

Crimp Location

1st Crimp



Do NOT allow the wire insulation to enter the barrel of the terminal.

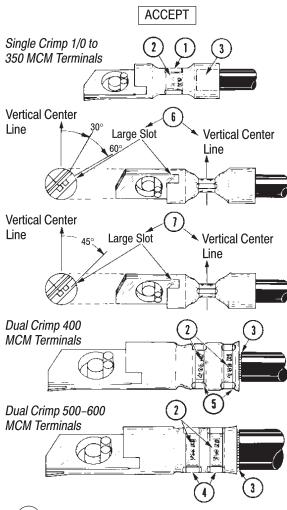
2nd Crimp

- 6. Activate the power unit to complete the first crimp.
- 7. Remove the terminal from the die.
- 8. Before making the second crimp on the terminal, it will be necessary to either:
- Turn the terminal around
- Turn the crimping head around
- Turn the die set around
- 9. Second Crimp Position the terminal in the die as shown in Figure 4B.
- 10. Activate the power unit to complete the second crimp.
- 11. Refer to Section 3 and Figure 5 for crimp inspection.

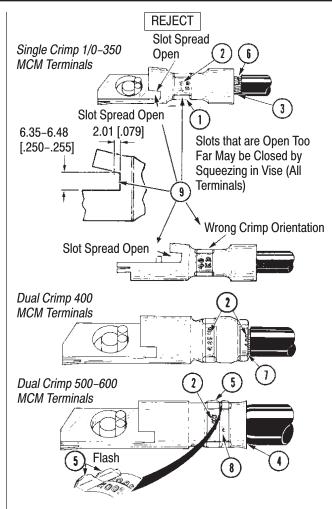
3. CRIMP INSPECTION

Inspect crimped terminals by checking the features described in Figure 5. Use only terminals meeting the conditions shown in the "ACCEPT" column.

"REJECT" terminals can be avoided through careful use of instructions in Section 2, and by performing regular die maintenance as instructed in Section 4.



- 1 Crimp centered on wire barrel.
- 2 Embossed wire size matches CMA of wire being used and wire size stamped on terminal.
- Insulation does not enter wire barrel (400, 500, and 600 MCM only).
- 4 Crimps centered within crimp marks. Refer to Figure 4B. Crimps may be slightly off crimp marks BUT NOT OVERLAPPED OR OFF END OF WIRE BARREL (500 and 600 MCM terminals).
- Crimps properly aligned with location marks. Refer to Figure 3B. Crimps may be off crimp marks BUT NOT OFF END OF WIRE BARREL (400 MCM terminals).
- 6 Large slot 30° to 60° off vertical centerline of crimp on 1/0 AWG size terminals.
- 7 Large slot 45° off vertical centerline of crimp on 250 MCM thru 600 MCM wire sizes (single and dual crimp terminals).



- 1 Crimped too far off center causing large slot to spread open.
- 2 Embossed wire size does not match CMA of wire being used, or wire size stamped on terminal.
- Wire not inserted far enough in terminal. Wire insulation did not enter insulation barrel.
- 4 Insulation entered barrel of terminal (size 400 to 600 MCM). CHECK FOR INCORRECT STRIP LENGTH.
- 5 Excessive "flash" indicates wrong wire, terminal, or tooling combination was used, or damaged dies were used.
- 6 Nicked or missing strands.
- (7) Crimped off end of wire barrel.
- (8) Crimps overlap.
- 9 Terminal was not oriented properly with dies, (see Figure 3 or 4). Depending on orientation, slot will spread open.

Figure 5

4. MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION PROCEDURES

Tyco Electronics recommends that a maintenance and inspection program be performed periodically to ensure dependable and uniform terminations. Inspect dies at least once a month. Frequency of inspection may be adjusted to suit your requirements through experience. Frequency of inspection is dependent upon:

- · Care, amount of use, and handling of the dies
- Skill level of the operator
- · Presence of abnormal amounts of dust and dirt
- Type and size of products being crimped
- Your own established standards

All dies are thoroughly inspected prior to shipment. Because of the possibility of damage during shipment, new dies should be inspected in accordance with instructions in Section 4 when the dies are received in your plant.

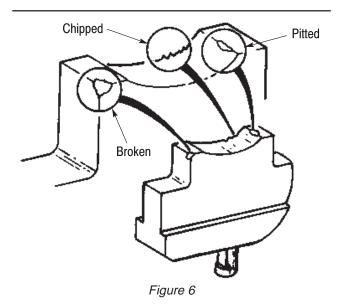
4.1. Cleaning



Do NOT allow deposits of dirt, grease, and foreign matter to accumulate in the die closure surfaces. These deposits may cause excessive wear in the die closure surfaces, thereby affecting the quality of the crimp. Wipe dies frequently with a clean, dry cloth.

4.2. Visual Inspection

Visually inspect die closure surfaces for broken, pitted, or chipped areas. Although dies may gage within permissible limits, worn or damaged die closure surfaces are objectionable and can affect crimp quality. Examples of possible damage to die closure surfaces are shown in Figure 6.



4.3. Die Closure Inspection

Every die set is inspected for proper die closure before shipment. However, inspection of die closure for excessive wear is required periodically.

Suggested Plug Gage Design Die Closure Configuration GO Dim. NO-GO Dim. "B" "A" Dim. 50.8 [2.000] Min. Typ

DIE	DIE CLOSURE DIM "A"†		GAGE MEMBER‡ DIM "B"		
No.	GO	NO- GO	GO	NO-GO	
68200-1	7.544	7.798	7.544-7.551	7.795–7.798	
	[.2970]	[.3070]	[.29702973]	[.3069–.3070]	
68201-1	8.534	8.738	8.534-8.542	8.730-8.738	
	[.3360]	[.3440]	[.33603363]	[.34373440]	
68203-1	-1 11.506 11.760		11.506-11.514	11.758-11.760	
	[.4530] [.4630]		[.45304533]	[.46294630]	
68204-1	13.564	13.818	13.564-13.571	13.815–13.818	
	[.5340]	[.5440]	[.53405343]	[.5439–.5440]	
68332-1	15.037	15.291	15.037-15.044	15.288-15.291	
	[.5920]	[.6020]	[.5920-5923]	[.60196020]	
68206-1	16.612	16.866	16.612-16.619	16.863-16.866	
	[.6540]	[.6640]	[.65406543]	[.66396640]	
46757-3	17.856	18.059	17.856–17.864	18.052–18.059	
	[.7030]	[.7110]	[.7030–.7033]	[.7107–.7110]	

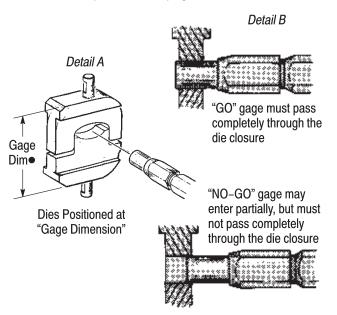
†Die closure dimensions apply when dies are positioned at "gage dimension" indicated in Figure 8, Detail A. ‡Material – Tool Steel.

Figure 7

Die closure inspection is accomplished using GO/NO–GO plug gages. Tyco Electronics neither manufactures nor sells plug gages. A suggested plug gage design and the GO/NO–GO dimensions for plug gage members are given in Figure 7. The following procedure is recommended for inspection the die closure.

- 1. Clean oil and dirt from the die closure surfaces, and plug gage members.
- 2. Assemble and adjust the dies to meet the "gage dimension" indicated in Figure 8, Detail A.
- 3. With the dies positioned at "gage dimension", inspect the die closure using the proper plug gage. Hold the gage in alignment with the die closure and carefully insert, without forcing, the GO member. See Figure 8. GO member must pass completely through the die closure as shown in Figure 8, Detail B.

Inspection of Crimping Die Closure



42.27 mm [1.664 in.] for Dies Used in Tool No. 69009 and 1752868–1
 74.30 mm [2.925 in.] for Dies Used in Tool No. 69082 and 1752786–1

Figure 8

4. Try to insert the NO–GO member. NO–GO member may enter partially, but must not pass completely through the die closure. See Figure 8, Detail B.

5. If the die closure meets the GO/NO–GO gage conditions, the die closure is considered dimensionally correct. If the die closure does not conform with the GO/NO–GO gage conditions, contact your local Tyco Electronics Representative.

4.4. Replacement Parts

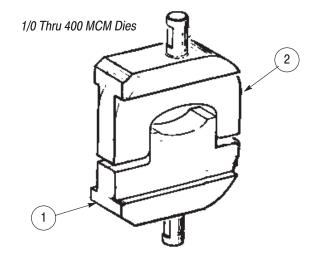
The crimping dies are not repairable. It may be advantageous to stock replacement dies to prevent loss of production time. Figure 9 lists replacement dies that can be purchased from Tyco Electronics.

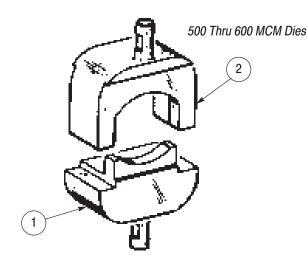
Order additional crimping dies through your local Tyco Electronics Representative, or call 1–800–526–5142, or send a facsimile of your purchase order to 717–986–7605, or write to:

CUSTOMER SERVICE (038–035) TYCO ELECTRONICS CORPORATION PO BOX 3608 HARRISBURG PA 17105–3608

5. REVISION SUMMARY

- Updated document to corporate requirements
- Added new die part numbers to tables in Figures 1, 2, 7, and 9
- Changed 500 MCM to 500–600 MCM in all instances
- Added table to Figure 1





ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	DIE SET NUMBER AND COMPONENT PART NUMBERS						
		68200-1	68201-1	68203-1	68204-1	68206-1	68332-1	46757-3
1	Moving Die	311565-1	311565-2	311565-3	311565-4	311565-6	311565-5	1-45835-1
2	Stationary Die	1-307719-5	1-307719-6	1-307719-8	2-45830-0	45834-8	2-45830-2	305687-9

Figure 9